Greencastle, PA Tree Inventory and Management Plan | 2019



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

MAKING THE MOST OF YOUR INVENTORY MANAGEMENT PLAN	1
Who's Who	1
Subject Trees	•••••
2 Definitions & Bolded Terms	
2	
How This Document is Organized	2
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	4
INTRODUCTION	6
GOALS & OBJECTIVES	6
GOALS & OBJECTIVES TABLE	7
DATA COLLECTION & TREE INSPECTION METHODOLOGY	7
Data Collection Equipment & Attribute Data	7
Specifications/Definitions	
8 Age Class	
8	
Height Class	9
Condition Class	9
Tree & Shrub Work Phase	9
Pruning Category	10
Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations & Glossary	10
Limitations of Tree Risk Assessments	11
Glossary	11
ISA RISK TABLE 1	11
ISA RISK TABLE 2	12
TREE RISK ASSESSMENTS AND MITIGATION	15
Tree Risk Assessments and Mitigation	16
TREE RISK TABLE	17
TREE RISK MAP	19
ADVANCED ASSESSMENT MAP	20
STAND DYNAMICS RESULTS	21

Stand Dynamics	22
Tree Species Identified	22
SPECIES BREAKDOWN TABLE	22
2019 TREE INVENTORY MAP	25
Tree Groupings	27
TREE GROUPINGS TABLE	27
TREE GROUPINGS MAP	28
Condition Class	29
CONDITION CLASS TABLE	29
CONDITION CLASS MAP	30
Age Class	31
AGE CLASS TABLE	31
AGE CLASS MAP	32
Tree Size (DBH)	
Estimated Tree Asset Value	34
TOP TEN HIGHEST ESTIMATED VALUE TREES TABLE	34
TOP TEN HIGHEST ESTIMATED VALUE TREES MAP	
Tree Location Value	36
TREE LOCATION VALUE MAP	37
RECOMMENDATIONS	
Soil Care	40
Soil Sampling	
Bulk Density	
Soil Rx®	
Root Invigoration™	
Mulch Application	
Root Collar Excavation	
Girdling Roots	
ROOT COLLAR EXCAVATION TABLE	
ROOT COLLAR EXCAVATION MAP	
Plant Health Care	
PLANT HEALTH CARE TABLE	
PLANT HEALTH CARE MAP	54

Tree Pruning	55
Improper Pruning Practices	55
Pruning with a Goal	57
Pruning Category	59
Risk Mitigation Pruning	59
Maintenance Pruning	59
MAINTENANCE PRUNING TABLE	59
MAINTENANCE PRUNING MAP	77
Developmental Pruning	
DEVELOPMENTAL PRUNING TABLE	78
DEVELOPMENTAL PRUNING MAP	89
Ornamental Pruning	90
ORNAMENTAL PRUNING TABLE	90
ORNAMENTAL PRUNING MAP	91
Specialized Pruning	92
Structural Support Systems	93
Cabling	
93 Bracing	
93	
Guying	93
Propping	93
STRUCTURAL SUPPORT TABLE	94
STRUCTURAL SUPPORT MAP	96
Lightning Protection Systems	97
Tree Removal	98
TREE REMOVAL TABLE	
TREE REMOVAL MAP	99
Vine Removal	100
VINE REMOVAL TABLE	100
VINE REMOVAL MAP	101
DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES	102
DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES	103
DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES MAP	104

DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS	105
DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS TABLE	106
DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS MAP	108
ENTIRE INVENTORY	109
ENTIRE INVENTORY TABLE	110
ADDITIONAL RESOURCES	133
GLOSSARY OF TERMS	134

Greencastle, PA Tree Inventory and Management Plan

MAKING THE MOST OF YOUR INVENTORY MANAGEMENT PLAN

Those who operate a large business or institution understand how inventory impacts operations and budgeting. One must know what's there, how much or how many, and where it all is. But the task doesn't end there. To obtain the greatest benefit from inventory, owners or their designees must manage it. Are a company's tools, for example, old and defective, in need of repair, in short supply, or useless and taking up space that could be better occupied? A good management plan will address these issues and keep the inventory current, in good condition, and functioning for the benefit and safety of those involved.

Managing trees on a large property can seem like an overwhelming task, but the same principles of inventory management apply. This inventory and management plan should provide managers the data they need to develop realistic budgets for their tree maintenance needs, and it will help make Greencastle, PA a safer and more beautiful environment.

The following tips will assist you in making the most of this document:

Who's Who

Those who conducted the inventory and prepared this document are members of the Bartlett Inventory Solutions team. They are also employees of Bartlett Tree Experts. The Bartlett Inventory Solutions team is overseen by Technical Advisors out of the Bartlett Tree Research Laboratories in Charlotte, North Carolina. The advisors are primarily charged with client support, coordination, quality control, and documentation of inventories and the related data. Extensively trained Regional Inventory Arborists from local Bartlett Tree Experts offices are the primary data collectors and authors of the management plans. Readers may interpret the terms "Bartlett Tree Experts," "Bartlett," "the Inventory Team," "the team," "we," and "our" as the Bartlett company and those who conducted the inventory and prepared this management plan. In addition to the primary author(s) listed on the cover page, Team Member(s) involved in this project included:

Technical Advisor Kevin R. Weber, Consulting Advisor

Registered Consulting Arborist #636, ISA Board Certified Master Arborist #PD-2030B, ISA Tree Risk Assessment Qualified, Certified Treecare Safety Professional #732

Data Collection Jacob Winn, Regional Inventory Arborist

ISA Certified Arborist #MA-5918A, ISA Tree Risk Assessment Qualified

Subject Trees

In this document, the term "subject trees" refers (depending on context) to some or all of the 739 trees (some of them groupings of trees) included in the inventory.

Definitions & Bolded Terms

Some definitions or specifications are detailed within a given section to explain how readers should interpret certain terms or classifications. We have also appended a Glossary for other terms that appear throughout the document. The first reference to each of these terms appears in **bold** for the reader's convenience.

How This Document is Organized

An outline appears below that introduces the order in which the sections of the management plan will appear. The management plan layout is as follows:

- **Table of Contents** o Road map for the management plan
- Making the Most of Your Inventory Management Plan o Explanations for how to efficiently and effectively understand and navigate this management plan document
- **Executive Summary** o Synopsis of the major findings and recommendations
- **Introduction** o Brief explanation of the inventory and what was included
- Goals & Objectives \circ Explanation of the specific goals and objectives for this inventory
- Data Collection & Tree Inspection Methodology

 Lists,
 explanations, and definitions of all data collected during the inventory
- Tree Risk Assessment and Mitigation

 Summary of overall tree risk ratings assigned during the inventory with corresponding table and map displays with figures if applicable
 - Summary of Level 3 Advanced assessments recommended during the inventory (summarized in the overall tree risk ratings table) with a map display and figures if applicable
- Stand Dynamics Results \circ Summary information for the entire tree population inventoried

□ Recommendations

- Summary of all recommendations made during the inventory including associated table and map displays, explanations and examples, and figures if applicable
- Dedicated or Memorial Trees

 List of all dedicated or memorial trees observed during the inventory in a table and map display with corresponding figures if applicable

- **Defects or Observations** o List of all trees observed to have defects in the field in a table view with associated descriptive figures and maps if applicable
- **□** Entire Inventory
 - o List of all trees collected in a table display
- $\begin{tabular}{lll} \square & {\bf Additional\ Resources} \circ & {\bf Listing} & {\bf of} & {\bf all} & {\bf appended} \\ & {\bf items\ for\ this\ management\ plan} \end{tabular}$

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In December 2019, the Bartlett Inventory Solutions (BIS) Team from Bartlett Tree Experts conducted an inventory of right-of-way trees within the Borough of Greencastle. We identified 739 trees, including 11 groupings, which included 84 species. The attributes that we collected include tree latitude and longitude, size, age and condition class, and a visual assessment of tree structure, health, and **vigor**.

We conducted the attribute collection using a sub-meter accuracy Global Positioning Satellite Receiver (GPSr) device with an error-in-location potential of not greater than three meters. Our recommendations for the subject trees are based on the number of desired management cycles. All tree work activities will comply with current American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z133.1 requirements for safety.

Tree Risk Assessments and Mitigation

Perform the recommended tree risk mitigation activities for the 15 trees (2%) which we found defects or concerns that prompted the need to use the International Society of Arboriculture's (ISA) risk matrices in the field. Risk mitigation activities will comply with current ANSI A300 standard practices. Please see the Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations & Glossary section for more information.

Level 3 Advanced Assessment

At the time of inventory, no trees were recommended for *Level 3 Advanced assessments* to evaluate the impact of wood decay. However, as trees continue to grow and site changes occur, we recommend continual consultation with your local Bartlett Arborist Representative to determine if *Level 3 Advanced assessments* are warranted in the future.

Soil Sampling

Taking soil samples throughout planting beds and actively managed areas. Soil analysis provides information on the presence of soil nutrients, pH, organic matter, and cation exchange capacity.

Bulk Density Sampling

Taking bulk density samples throughout planting beds and actively managed areas to determine the amount of soil compaction.

Mulching

Wherever possible, apply 2-4 inches of mulch within the root zone to help moderate soil temperatures, reduce soil moisture loss, reduce soil compaction, provide nutrients, improve soil structure, and keep mowers and string trimmers away from tree trunks. The best mulch materials are wood chips, bark nuggets, composted leaves, or pine needles. To avoid potential disease problems, mulch should not be placed directly against the trunk.

Root Collar Excavations

Perform **root collar** excavations to 224 trees (30%) to lower risk of damaging conditions such as **girdling roots**, basal cankers, masking of root decay and lower-stem decay, and predisposing trees to various insect and disease pests.

Plant Health Care (PHC)

Implement Bartlett's PHC program to monitor pests and diseases on the subject trees. Treatments are therapeutic and preventive, and treatment timing is based on pest life cycle.

Pruning

Prune 464 trees (63%) for safety, health, structure, and appearance. Pruning will comply with current ANSI A300 standard practices for pruning.

Structural Support

There are structural support system recommendations for 9 trees (1%) to reduce risk of branch or whole tree failure. All structural support systems will comply with current ANSI A300 standard practices for supplemental support systems.

Lightning Protection

At the time of inventory, no trees were recommended for lightning protection systems. However, as trees continue to grow and site changes occur, we recommend continual consultation with your local Bartlett Arborist Representative to determine if lightning protection systems are warranted in the future.

Removals

Remove 3 trees (< 1%) due to condition or because of their location in relation to other trees to try and prevent competition or damage to infrastructure.

Vine Removal

Remove vines from 10 trees (1%) to try and prevent them from hiding defects.

INTRODUCTION

In December 2019, the Greencastle Shade Tree Commission for the Borough of Greencastle, PA retained Bartlett Tree Experts to perform an inventory of trees located in the Borough of Greencastle's right-of-way. Team member Jacob Winn visited the site on December 9-13 and December 16-19 to conduct the inventory.

The inventory included:

- identifying trees and assigning a Tree ID number (Tree ID numbers ranging from 1 to 655);
- identifying the trees' condition, health, and vigor;

- recommending risk evaluations and removals of appropriate trees;
- recommending tree care, soil care, structural support, and pest management treatments to promote tree safety, health, appearance, and longevity; and
- mapping the trees using GPSr hardware and Geographic Information System (GIS) software, and Bartlett Tree Experts' ArborScope™ web-based management system

The methods and procedures we used to make the above determinations and recommendations are detailed in the following sections.

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

An effective management plan communicates clear goals and the specific objectives designed to carry out those goals. We intend "goal" to mean the overall aim or result we expect to achieve for the client in producing the inventory and management plan. The objectives are the specific actions taken or recommended to support goal completion. The table below describes each goal and its corresponding objective(s).

GOALS & OBJECTIVES

GOAL	OBJECTIVES TO ACCOMPLISH GOAL		
Establish the tree inventory (per numbers agreed) within the Borough Greencastle right of way.	 Using Trimble® Geo GPSr hardware and ArborScope™ Inventory Management Tools, collect data such as tree name, location, size, age class, and condition class. Assign a Tree ID number to each tree or group of trees inventoried. 		
Provide mechanism for managing inventory, recommendations, and related budget planning.	 Provide map or maps of the inventoried trees and tree groupings to assist the client in managing property areas. Submit a comprehensive management plan that documents and organizes findings and provides other resources to assist the client in efficient use of the information. 		
Maximize client understanding and implementation of management plan.	 Include in management plan specific explanations and visuals related to plan recommendations. Provide appended resources that address health, procedures, and standards related to tree care. Make periodic contact with client to follow up and answer any questions about the management plan's contents. 		

Maximize immediate and long-term tree health and aesthetics.	Implement recommended plant-health-care program that uses • integrated pest management • soil care • maintenance pruning
Manage immediate and long-term risk associated with trees in high-use areas.	Implement recommended risk-management measures that include • risk-reduction pruning • required removals • tree structure evaluations

DATA COLLECTION & TREE INSPECTION METHODOLOGY

In conducting the inventory, we used specialized equipment and software and followed specific procedures to determine tree characteristics, risk evaluations, and recommendations. The following explanation will assist the reader in interpreting the findings of this management plan.

Data Collection Equipment & Attribute Data

The Inventory Team used Trimble® Geo GPSr hardware units, TerraSync® and GPS Pathfinder® Office GIS software, and Bartlett Tree Experts' ArborScope™ web-based management system to inventory the trees. The attribute data we collected on site are listed below.

- botanical name and regional common name according to local ISA Chapter Tree Species List
- tree location based on GPS coordinate system
- · tree ID number
- diameter at breast height (DBH)
- canopy radius
- age class
- height class
- condition class
- root zone infringement, based on dripline and estimated grayscape (e.g., sidewalks) impact on root zone
- infrastructure interaction (between trees and grayscape that may cause an undesirable condition
- documented Level 2 Basic assessment for tree risk where defects or concerns were observed that prompted the need to use the ISA risk matrices in the field resulting in an overall tree risk rating
- Tree & Shrub Work phase (based on number of desired management cycles)
- pruning category
- need for and inspection of existing structural support systems
- need for and inspection of existing lightning protection systems

- need for Level 3 Advanced assessment for tree risk
- tree removals
- soil care recommendations
- plant health care recommendations
- noted defects/observations
- observed pests/diseases

Specifications/Definitions

Age Class

New Planting

Tree not yet established

Young Established tree but not in the landscape for many years **Semi-mature** Established tree but has not yet reached full growth potential

Mature Tree within its full growth potential

Over-mature Tree that is declining or beginning to decline due to its age

Height Class

Small Less than 15 feet **Medium** 15 to 40 feet

Large Greater than 40 feet

Condition Class

Dead

Poor Most of the canopy displays dieback and undesirable leaf color, inappropriate leaf size or inadequate new growth. Tree or parts of tree are in the process of failure.

Fair Parts of canopy display undesirable leaf color, inappropriate leaf size, and inadequate new growth. Parts of the tree are likely to fail. **Good** Tree health and condition are acceptable.

Tree & Shrub Work Phase

Tree & Shrub Work phase takes into consideration tree species, condition, location, age, and proximity to infrastructure. We intend for this rating system to assist decision makers in prioritizing risk mitigation, tree pruning, cabling and bracing, and tree lightning protection recommendations. *Trees with an ASAP and an overall tree risk rating of extreme or high (see definitions in the next section) should be addressed immediately.* Prioritization does not take into account any budgetary or financial considerations.

Phase 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 are all based on observations by the inventory arborist according to the manager's goals. The following additional information clarifies each priority:

ASAP	Trees with recommendations that should be addressed As Soon As Possible.
Phase 1	Typically addressed in the first management cycle. Trees located in high-use sites,
	have a high aesthetic value, have an elevated overall tree risk rating, and/or parts
	that are currently in conflict with infrastructure.
Phase 2	Typically addressed in the second management cycle. Trees with moderate aesthet

- Typically addressed in the second management cycle. Trees with moderate aesthetic value, don't have an elevated *overall tree risk rating*, and/or parts that are anticipated to be in conflict with infrastructure.
- Typically addressed in the third management cycle. Tree parts that are anticipated to be in conflict with infrastructure and/or recommendations based on anticipated growth.
- Phase 4 Typically addressed in the fourth management cycle. Recommendations are for future consideration and anticipated growth.
- Typically addressed in the fifth management cycle. Recommendations are for future Phase 5 consideration and anticipated growth.

Pruning Category

All trees identified in this management plan that have tree care recommendations are listed within a specific pruning category. Trees within each pruning category can be prioritized by the specific goals of the manager. It is recommended that specific goals be discussed prior to any pruning.

Risk Mitigation	This goal requires pruning of any tree where risk mitigation should take
	precedence over other pruning goals. Typically aims to reduce the <i>overall</i>
	tree risk rating by branch removal and/or branch reduction.
Maintenance	This goal typically requires routine pruning of large/mature trees. Includes
	branch removal and/or branch reduction to help reduce likelihood of failure
	and/or conflict with infrastructure. Trees with this goal are typically climbed
	or require the use of aerial lifts and/or other specialized equipment.
Developmental	This goal typically requires routine pruning of small/young trees. Includes
	structural pruning to develop a strong central stem, establish proper branch
	spacing, and/or develop branch structure.
Ornamental	This goal typically requires pruning of small trees. Includes reduction and/or
	shearing to its desired shape, size, and/or structure.
Specialized	Trees with this goal require a unique treatment that may include, but not
	limited to, targeted pruning cuts, removal of nuisance fruit/parasitic plants,
	and/or rejuvenation/internodal pruning.

^{*} The listed descriptions of goals, tools, and/or techniques are not limited to these definitions. Specific individual goals and species profiles should guide the pruning recommendations.

Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations & Glossary

In accordance with industry standards, tree risk ratings are derived from a combination of three factors: the *likelihood of failure*, the *likelihood of the failed tree part impacting a target*, and the *consequences* of the target being struck. The guidelines used to classify each of these factors are presented in the *ISA's BMP for Tree Risk Assessment* and guidelines developed by the Bartlett Tree Research Laboratories. *These factors are then used to categorize tree risk as Extreme, High, Moderate or Low.* The factors used to define your risk ratings are identified in this report. An explanation of terms used in this report appears in the glossary located in the appendix. The information provided in this report is based on the conditions identified at the time of inspection. Tree conditions do change over time so reassessment is recommended annually and after major storm events.

Limitations of Tree Risk Assessments

It is important for the tree owner or manager to know and understand that all trees pose some degree of risk from failure or other conditions. The information and recommendations within this report have been derived from the level of tree risk assessment identified in this report, using the information and practices outlined in the *International Society of Arboriculture's Best Management Practices for Tree Risk Assessment*, as well as the information available at the time of the inspection. However, the *overall tree risk rating*, the mitigation recommendations, or any other conclusions do not preclude the possibility of failure from undetected conditions, weather events, or other acts of man or nature. Trees can unpredictably fail even if no defects or other conditions are present. It is the responsibility of the tree owner or manager to schedule repeat or *Advanced assessments*, determine actions, and implement follow up recommendations, monitoring and/or mitigation.

Bartlett Tree Experts can make no warranty or guarantee whatsoever regarding the safety of any tree, trees, or parts of trees, regardless of the level of tree risk assessment provided, the risk rating, or the residual risk rating after mitigation. The information in this report should not be considered as making safety, legal, architectural, engineering, landscape architectural, land surveying advice or other professional advice. This information is solely for the use of the tree owner and manager to assist in the decision making process regarding the management of their tree or trees. Tree risk assessments are simply tools which should be used in conjunction with the owner or tree manager's knowledge, other information and observations related to the specific tree or trees discussed, and sound decision making.

Glossary

Tree risk assessment has a unique set of terms with specific meanings. Definitions of all specific terms may be found in the International Society of Arboriculture's *Best Management Practice for Tree Risk Assessment*. Definitions of some of these terms used in this report are as follows:

The *likelihood of failure* may be categorized as imminent meaning that failure has started or could occur at any time; probable meaning that failure may be expected under normal weather conditions within the next 3 years; possible meaning that failure could occur, but is unlikely under normal weather conditions during that time frame; and improbable meaning that failure is not likely under normal weather conditions, and may not occur in severe weather conditions during that time frame.

The likelihood of the failed tree part impacting a target may be categorized as high meaning that a failed tree or tree part will most likely impact a target; medium meaning the failed tree or tree part could impact the target, but is not expected to do so; low meaning that the failed tree or tree part is not likely to impact a target; and very low meaning that the chance of a failed tree or tree part impacting the target is remote.

The *likelihood of failure and impact* is defined by the Likelihood Matrix below.

LIKELIHOOD OF FAILURE AND IMPACT

Likelihood of Failure	Likelihood of Impacting Target				
	Very Low	Low	Medium	High	
Imminent	Unlikely	Somewhat likely	Likely	Very Likely	
Probable	Unlikely	Unlikely	Somewhat likely	Likely	
Possible	Unlikely	Unlikely	Unlikely	Somewhat likely	
Improbable	Improbable Unlikely		Unlikely	Unlikely	

The *consequences* of a known target being struck may be categorized as severe meaning that impact could involve serious personal injury or death, damage to high value property, or disruption to important activities; significant meaning that the impact may involve personal injury, property damage of moderate to high value, or considerable disruption; minor meaning that impact could cause low to moderate property damage, small disruptions to traffic or a communication utility, or minor injury; and negligible meaning that impact may involve low value property damage, disruption that can be replaced or repaired, and do not involve personal injury.

Targets are people, property, or activities that could be injured, damaged or disrupted by a tree failure.

Levels of assessment 1) Limited visual assessments are conducted to identify obvious defects. 2) Basic assessments are visual inspections done by walking around the tree looking at the site, buttress roots, trunk and branches. It may include the use of simple tools to gain information about the tree or defects. 3) Advanced assessments are performed to provide detailed information about specific tree parts, defects, targets of site conditions. Drilling to detect decay is an advanced assessment technique.

Tree Risk Ratings are terms used to communicate the level of risk rating. They are defined in defined in the Risk Matrix below as a combination of Likelihood and Consequences:

ISA RISK MATRIX

Likelihood of Failure & Impact	Consequences of the Tree Failure			
P	Negligible	Minor	Significant	Severe
Very Likely	Low	Moderate	High	Extreme
Likely	Low	Moderate	High	High
Somewhat likely	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate
Unlikely	Low	Low	Low	Low

Overall tree risk rating is the highest individual risk identified for the tree. The *residual risk* is the level of risk the tree should pose after the recommended mitigation.

Bartlett Tree Experts can inventory trees that have ropes courses, zip lines, swings, tree houses, or any other life support system attached for several different attributes; however, Bartlett Tree Experts is unable to provide tree risk assessment information on such trees, nor is Bartlett Tree Experts able to determine whether the correct hardware has been used, the systems are attached to the trees correctly, or whether the trees can withstand the additional forces that are placed on the tree or trees from such systems or structures. Bartlett Tree Experts does not recommend that any hardware or structures, other than those recommended by and installed by qualified arborists to aid the tree in structural support or protections from lightning, be installed in or attached to any tree(s). Bartlett Tree Experts recommends removing, or discontinuing the use of, any such system or recreational structure until the Client hires or consults with an engineer/specialist that deals specifically with ropes courses, zip lines, swings, tree houses, or any other life support systems and how they attach to and impact trees to determine if the trees can handle the forces being placed on them.

In the event that Bartlett Tree Experts observes an immediate safety issue with a tree with any such device attached, such as the presence of a dead, dying, or broken limb that could fall and injure a person or damage property, Bartlett Tree Experts may make a recommendation to remove or prune such a limb or otherwise mitigate the obvious safety issue. However, the Client should not infer that following such a recommendation and mitigating the immediate safety issue makes the tree in question safe for the use of the attached device or feature.

TREE RISK ASSESSMENTS AND MITIGATION



TREE RISK ASSESSMENTS AND MITIGATION

In reviewing the results and recommendations, the reader will find useful the specifications and definitions detailed in the preceding methodology. We used the following categories to organize the results and recommendations, which are displayed in tables:

□ Subject Trees Summarized According to:

Tree Risk Assessment Results and Mitigation Recommendations
 Level 3 Advanced Assessment Recommendations

Tree Risk Assessments and Mitigation

As part of the inventory process, the Inventory Team conducts a *Level 2 Basic assessment* from the ground. While every tree poses a risk, typically low, any trees that were found to have conditions that posed a hazardous situation, prompting the arborists to go through the steps outlined in the Tree Risk Assessments, Limitations, and Glossary section of this plan. *Overall Tree Risk Ratings* are then assigned to these trees.

During the *Level 2 Basic assessment* the Regional Inventory Arborist can determine whether some aspect of tree structure or health indicates that a more comprehensive tree structure evaluation, called a *Level 3 Advanced assessment*, is needed to more thoroughly evaluate tree condition and *likelihood of failure*.

In such cases, we may recommend *Level 3 Advanced assessments* of the roots, stem, or crown. These assessments may include climbing inspections, examination of the root system using a compressed-air tool (that avoids damage to roots and underground utilities), resistancerecording drilling, or sonic tomography that produces a visual representation of internal conditions based on how sound moved through the tree. The goal is to use the appropriate method to evaluate impact of wood decay in stems and buttress roots that show potential for failure and to determine presence and condition of the root system. Once those *Level 3 Advanced assessments* are completed, more specific recommendations can be made, such as remediation, maintenance, or removal.

The Tree Risk Table below summarizes the inventoried trees that were observed posing a hazardous situation during the course of the inventory, including those trees recommended for *Level 3 Advanced assessments*. The table is organized first by *Overall Tree Risk Rating* (highest to lowest), then by Tree & Shrub Work Phase (ascending order), and finally by Tree ID (ascending order).

TREE RISK ASSESSMENTS AND MITIGATION (15 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Primary Target	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Recommendation	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
39	Honeylocust- Thornless Common	23	Good	Low	Street	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Hanger

132	Maple	14	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ RCX	Buried root collarDead branches >2
211	Mulberry	40	Fair	Low	Parking	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Broken branch(s)Overextended branch
306	Maple-Silver	13,12, 14	Fair	Low	Street	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2 ☐ Topping/heading cuts
408	Elm	42	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	 Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure Prune: Reduce weight of branch ends Cable: New 	 Co-dominant stems Dead branches >2 Hanger
418	Walnut- Black	33	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	□ Dead branches >2
419	Walnut- Black	23	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	□ Dead branches >2
420	Maple- Norway	19	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	 Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure Prune: Develop branch structure 	 Dead branches 2 Co-dominant stems Topping/heading cuts
429	Walnut- Black	31	Good	Low	Path	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Hanger Dead branches >2
430	Walnut- Black	30	Good	Low	Path	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch	Dead branches >2Wound-stem

							stem and/or root failure	
Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Primary Target	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Recommendation	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
440	Maple- Norway	30	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
450	Maple- Norway	33	Good	Low	Parking	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2 ☐ Topping/heading cuts
490	Maple-Sugar	45	Good	Low	Path	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Wound-stemDead branches >2
499	Locust-Black	14,9	Fair	Low	Path	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches>2Poor branch structure
653	Maple- Norway	28	Good	Low	Sidewalk	ASAP	☐ Prune: Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Hanger

INVENTORIED TREES ASSIGNED OVERALL TREE RISK RATINGS AT THE TIME OF DATA COLLECTION



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 19 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

STAND DYNAMICS RESULTS



STAND DYNAMICS RESULTS

In reviewing the results and recommendations, the reader will find useful the specifications and definitions detailed in the preceding methodology above. We used the following categories to organize the stand dynamics results, which are displayed in tables:

□ Subject Trees Summarized According to:

Tree Species Identified
 Tree Groupings
 Condition Class
 Age
 Class
 Tree Size per DBH

Estimated Tree Asset

Value ○ Tree Location Value

Where appropriate, we have included explanations, photos, drawings, or other information to illuminate the table contents.

Stand Dynamics

Tree Species Identified

Our inventory revealed 84 species of trees, as detailed in the following table:

TREE SPECIES IDENTIFIED

Genus	Species	Common Name	Count	% Distribution Total
Abies	balsamea	Fir-Balsam	2	< 1%
	concolor	Fir-White	1	< 1%
Abies Total			3	< 1%
Acer	buergeranum	Maple-Trident	2	< 1%
	negundo	Boxelder	1	< 1%
	palmatum	Maple-Japanese	9	1%
	platanoides var. 'Crimson King'	Maple-Crimson King	1	< 1%
	platanoides	Maple-Norway	39	5%
	rubrum	Maple-Red	30	4%
	saccharinum	Maple-Silver	9	1%
	saccharum	Maple-Sugar	6	1%
	sp.	Maple	10	1%
Acer Total	·		107	14%
Amelanchier	sp.	Serviceberry	5	1%
Betula	nigra	Birch-River	1	< 1%
	papyrifera	Birch-Paper	2	< 1%
	sp.	Birch	2	< 1%
Betula Total	·		5	1%
Buxus	sempervirens	Boxwood-Common	1	< 1%
Carpinus	betulus	Hornbeam-European	2	< 1%
Cedrus	atlantica	Cedar-Atlas	3	< 1%
	deodara	Cedar-Deodar	1	< 1%
Cedrus Total			4	1%
Celtis	occidentalis	Hackberry	4	1%
Cercis	canadensis	Redbud-Eastern	5	1%

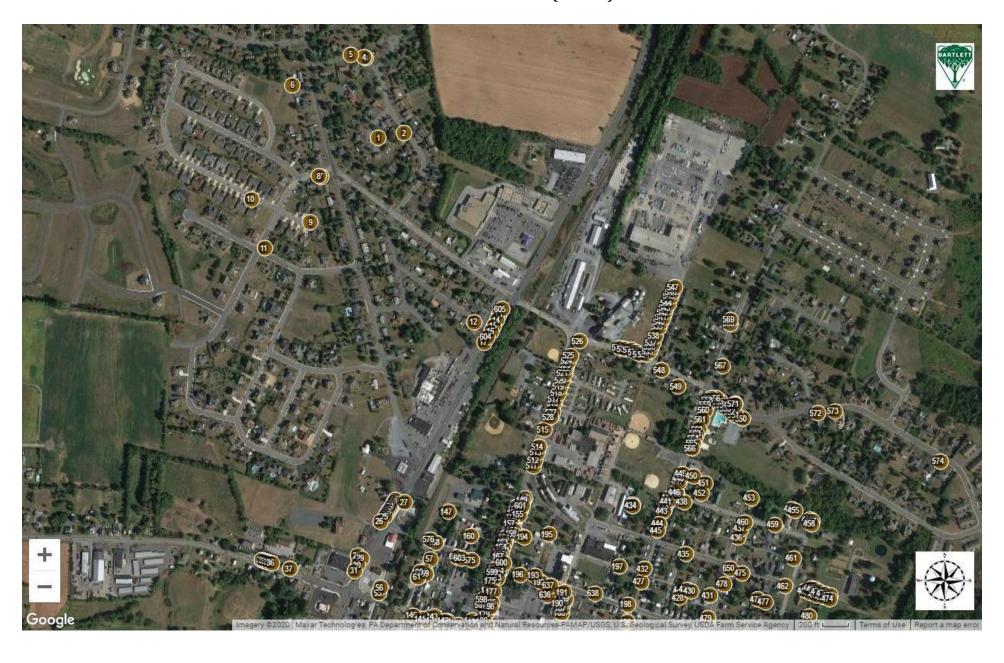
Chamaecyparis	obtusa	Falsecypress-Hinoki	4	1%
Cladrastis	kentukea	Yellowwood	2	< 1%
Cornus	florida	Dogwood-Flowering	14	2%
	kousa	Dogwood-Kousa	9	1%
	sp.	Dogwood	1	< 1%
Cornus Total		24	3%	
Crataegus	sp.	Hawthorn	1	< 1%
Cryptomeria	japonica	Japanese Cryptomeria	1	< 1%
Fraxinus	americana	Ash-White	3	< 1%
Ginkgo	biloba	Ginkgo	14	2%

Genus	Species	Common Name	Count	% Distribution Total
Gleditsia	triacanthos	Honeylocust-Common	1	< 1%
	triacanthos var.	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	2	< 1%
Gleditsia Total			3	< 1%
Gymnocladus	dioicus	Coffeetree-Kentucky	4	1%
Hibiscus	syriacus	Rose-of-Sharon	2	< 1%
Ilex	ораса	Holly-American	5	1%
	x attenuata	Holly-Foster's	1	< 1%
<i>llex</i> Total			6	1%
Juglans	nigra	Walnut-Black	12	2%
	regia	Walnut-Persian	2	< 1%
Juglans Total			14	2%
Juniperus	sp.	Juniper	2	< 1%
	virginiana	Redcedar-Eastern	4	1%
Juniperus Total			6	1%
Koelreuteria	paniculata	Goldenraintree-Panicled	5	1%
Lagerstroemia	sp.	Crapemyrtle	3	< 1%
Ligustrum	sp.	Privet	4	1%
Liquidambar	styraciflua	Sweetgum	4	1%
Liriodendron	tulipifera	Tuliptree	2	< 1%
Magnolia	grandiflora	Magnolia-Southern	2	< 1%
	x soulangiana	Magnolia-Saucer	6	1%
Magnolia Total			8	1%

Malus	sp.	Crabapple	47	6%
Morus	sp.	Mulberry	5	1%
Picea	abies	Spruce-Norway	10	1%
	glauca	Spruce-White	3	< 1%
	pungens	Spruce-Colorado Blue	7	1%
	sp.	Spruce	1	< 1%
Picea Total		1 - 2	21	3%
Pinus	strobus	Pine-Eastern White	4	1%
	thunbergii	Pine-Japanese Black	2	< 1%
Pinus Total			6	1%
Platanus	occidentalis	Sycamore-American	19	3%
	x acerifolia	Planetree-London	3	< 1%
<i>Platanus</i> Total			22	3%
Prunus	cerasifera	Plum-Purple Leaf	4	1%
	serotina	Cherry-Black	1	< 1%
	serrulata	Cherry-Flowering	61	8%
Prunus Total			66	9%
Pyracantha	sp.	Firethorn	1	< 1%
Pyrus	calleryana	Pear-Callery	125	17%
Quercus	alba	Oak-White	1	< 1%
	palustris	Oak-Pin	3	< 1%
	rubra	Oak-Northern Red	1	< 1%
Quercus Total			5	1%
Genus	Species	Common Name	Count	% Distribution Total
Robinia	pseudoacacia	Locust-Black	3	< 1%
Salix	babylonica	Willow-Babylon Weeping	1	< 1%
Styrax	sp.	Snowbell	3	< 1%
Syringa	pekinensis	Lilac-Pekin	3	< 1%
	reticulata	Lilac-Japanese Tree	3	< 1%
	sp.	Lilac	46	6%
Syringa Total			52	7%
Taxus	sp.	Yew	4	1%
Thuja	occidentalis	Arborvitae-Eastern	1	< 1%

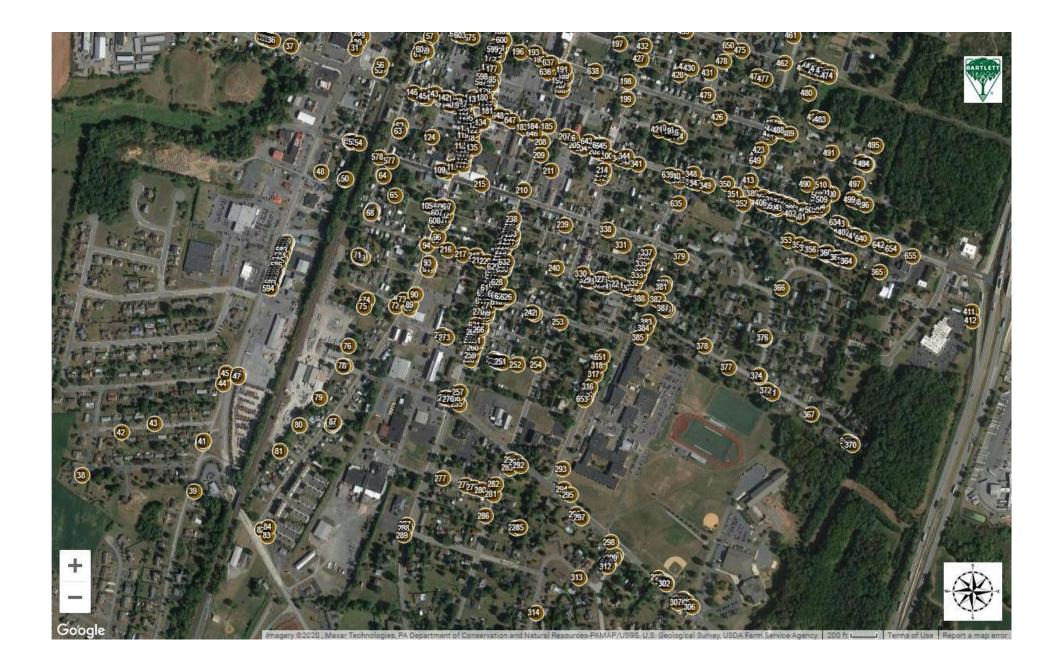
	plicata	Redcedar-Western	80	11%
	sp.	Arborvitae	6	1%
Thuja Total			87	12%
Tilia	americana	Linden-American	2	< 1%
	cordata	Linden-Littleleaf	1	< 1%
Tilia Total			3	< 1%
Tsuga	canadensis	Hemlock-Canadian	3	< 1%
Ulmus	americana	Elm-American	2	< 1%
	pumila	Elm-Siberian	3	< 1%
	sp.	Elm	11	1%
Ulmus Total			16	2%
Viburnum	sp.	Viburnum	1	< 1%
Zelkova	serrata	Zelkova-Japanese	11	1%
x Cupressocyparis	leylandii	Cypress-Leyland	11	1%
Grand Total			739	100%

2019 TREE INVENTORY (NORTH)



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 25 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

2019 TREE INVENTORY (SOUTH)



Tree Groupings

The following table displays inventoried trees that were recorded as groupings. Throughout the management plan, those trees recorded as groupings will be displayed with the number of plantings in parentheses after the common name.

TREE GROUPINGS

Tree ID	Common Name	Total Plants
79	Redcedar-Western	25
81	Redcedar-Western	8
331	Redcedar-Western	9
355	Cypress-Leyland	3
356	Redcedar-Western	8
365	Redcedar-Western	8
431	Maple-Norway	8
476	Redcedar-Western	13
481	Spruce-Colorado Blue	4
509	Cypress-Leyland	5
573	Pear-Callery	4

INVENTORIED TREES RECORDED AS GROUPINGS

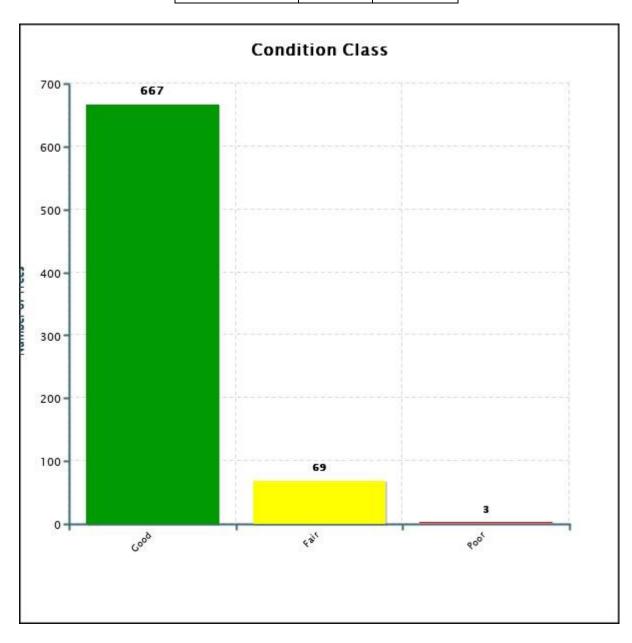


Condition Class

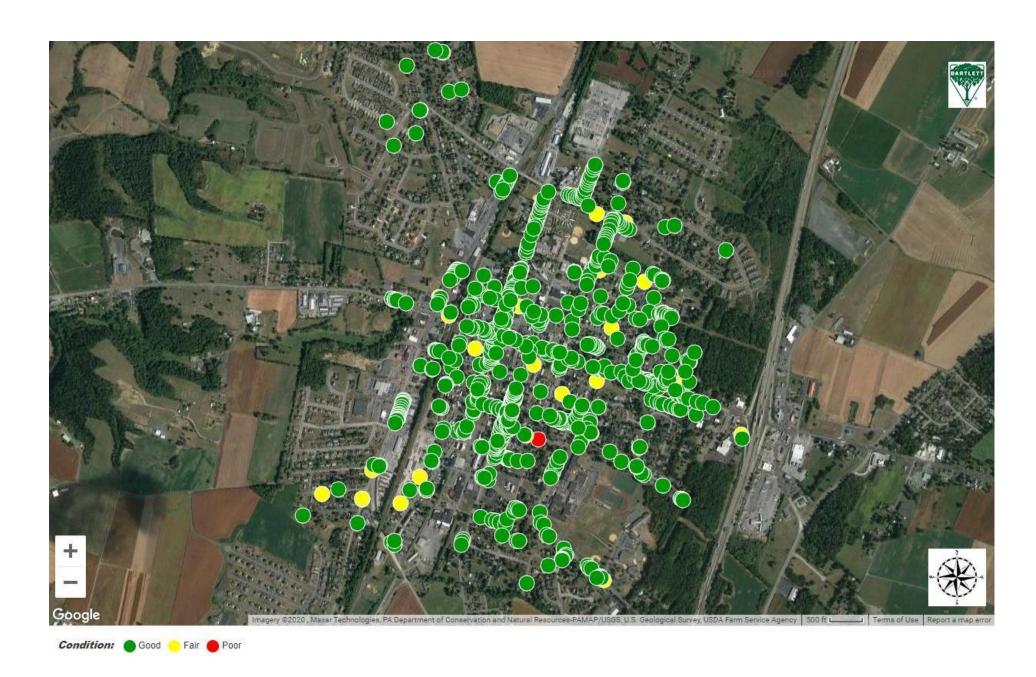
The breakdown of tree condition follows:

CONDITION CLASS BREAKDOWN

Condition Class	Quantity	% of Total	
Good	667	90%	
Fair	69	9%	
Poor	3	< 1%	



INVENTORIED TREES BY CONDITION CLASS

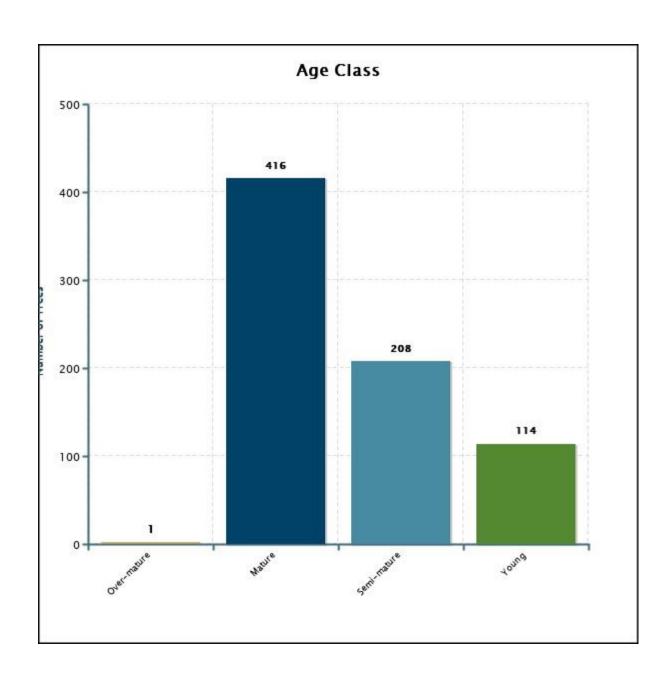


Age Class

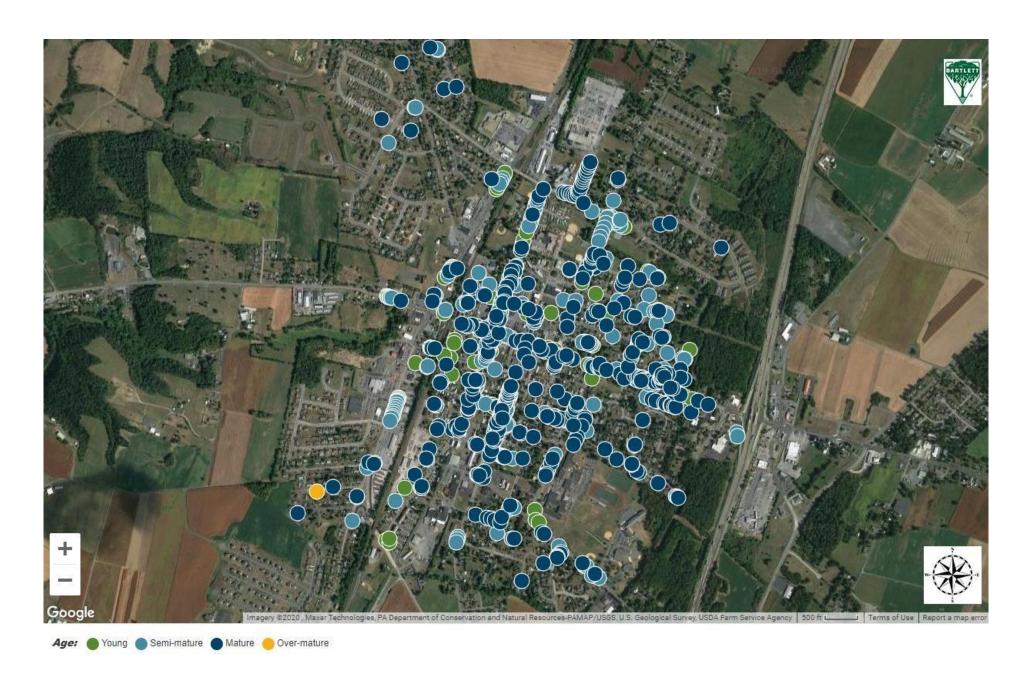
The breakdown of tree age class follows:

AGE CLASS BREAKDOWN

Age Class	Quantity	% of Total
Over-mature	1	< 1%
Mature	416	56%
Semi-mature	208	28%
Young	114	15%

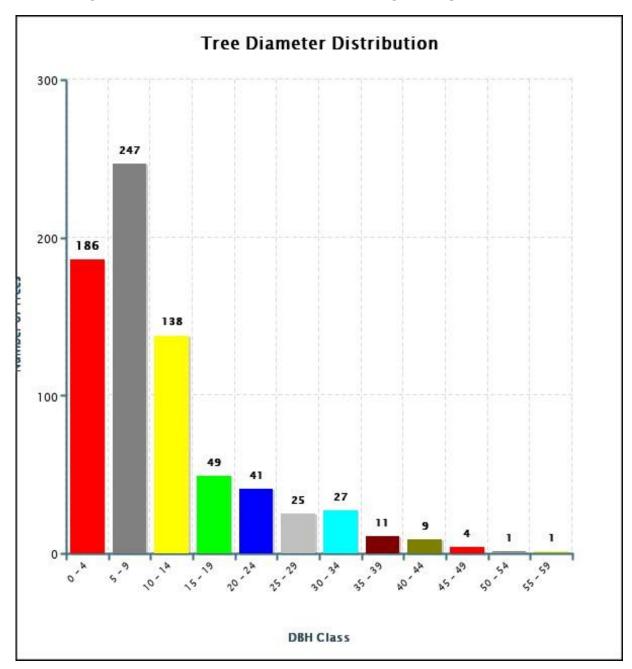


INVENTORIED TREES BY AGE CLASS



Tree Size (DBH)

The following chart illustrates numbers of trees according to size per DBH:



Estimated Tree Asset Value

As part of the Bartlett inventory process, we have included an Estimated Tree Asset Value for each tree and a cumulative total for all trees inventoried. We use an average per square

inch nursery price, size (DBH), species factor, condition factor, and location factor to estimate the tree asset value. This is not intended to replace a tree appraisal.

The following data fields are used in this formula:

Data Field	Description
Average Per Square Inch Nursery Price	Based on the average nursery prices for two common tree species and one exotic tree species within a region, then taking the average of those three as the average per square inch price for the region
Size	Based on tree DBH (4.5 feet above grade)
Species Factor	Relative species desirability based on 100% for the tree in that geographical location. In most cases, species desirability ratings, published by the International Society of Arboriculture, are used for adjustment.
Condition Factor	Rating of the tree's structure and health based on 100%
Location Factor	Average rating for the site and the tree's contribution and placement, based on 100%

Estimated Tree Asset Value = (Average Per Square Inch Nursery Price*Size)*Species Factor*Condition Factor*Location Factor

The estimated cumulative total value for all trees inventoried is **\$2,589,748.01**. The following table lists the ten trees with the highest Tree Asset Values:

TOP TEN TREES - HIGHEST ESTIMATED TREE ASSET VALUE

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Tree Asset Value
76	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	58	\$46,445.46
490	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	45	\$37,295.51
410	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	46	\$35,807.66
198	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	45	\$34,809.14
94	Coffeetree-Kentucky	Gymnocladus	dioicus	41	\$31,955.98
403	Linden-American	Tilia	americana	41	\$31,955.98
408	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	42	\$31,710.18
317	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	40	\$31,669.31
74	Coffeetree-Kentucky	Gymnocladus	dioicus	29,23	\$28,851.63
468	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	54	\$27,755.55

TOP TEN TREES - HIGHEST TREE ASSET VALUE



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 35 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Tree Location Value

Each tree within Greencastle, PA was assigned a location value of good, fair, or poor. Twenty eight trees (4%) were assigned a location value of fair or poor due to present or anticipated conflicts with infrastructure or utilities. Trees with conflicts that can easily be mitigated with a one-time raise or reduction prune were not classified as existing in a fair or poor location.

It is recommended that the remaining 28 trees (4%) with fair or poor location values and not recommended for removal continue to be monitored for intolerable levels of conflict with the surrounding infrastructure. If the level of conflict continues to increase and cannot be easily mitigated, a removal and replacement program should be considered for these trees. If removal and replacement is deemed appropriate, please consult with your local Bartlett Arborist Representative for information on desirable replacement plantings.

INVENTORIED TREES WITH A FAIR OR POOR LOCATION VALUE (28 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	Location Type	Location Value	DBH	Root Zone Infringement
40	Spruce-Norway	Street tree	Poor	15	25-50%
41	Spruce-White	Street tree	Poor	12	25-50%
51	Birch-Paper	Street tree	Poor	7	25-50%
211	Mulberry	Street tree	Poor	40	25-50%
499	Locust-Black	Street tree	Poor	14	25-50%
28	Mulberry	Street tree	Fair	41	25-50%
45	Magnolia-Saucer	Street tree	Fair	11	25-50%
52	Crabapple	Street tree	Fair	5	25-50%
59	Fir-White	Street tree	Fair	24	25-50%
64	Privet	Street tree	Fair	5	25-50%
95	Cherry-Flowering	Street tree	Fair	10	25-50%
307	Maple-Norway	Street tree	Fair	23	25-50%
359	Fir-Balsam	Street tree	Fair	3	25-50%
409	Elm	Street tree	Fair	5	25-50%
476	Redcedar-Western (13)	Street tree	Fair	4	25-50%
477	Cypress-Leyland	Street tree	Fair	8	25-50%

INVENTORIED TREES WITH A FAIR OR POOR LOCATION VALUE



Location Value: Good Good Fair Poor

Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 37 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

RECOMMENDATIONS



RECOMMENDATIONS

In reviewing the results and recommendations, the reader will find useful the specifications and definitions detailed in the preceding methodology. We used the following categories to organize the results and recommendations, which are displayed in tables:

Recommendations

- Soil Care
- Root Collar Excavation
- Plant Health Care
- Tree Pruning
- Structural Support Systems
- Lightning Protection Systems
- Tree Removal
- Vine Removal

Soil Care

Healthy soil is critical to the health and longevity of trees. Soil provides trees with the essential nutrients required for their growth. Many secondary problems such as reduced vigor, inadequate growth, branch dieback, and pest or disease concerns are related to the primary stress of poor soil conditions. Undisturbed, native forest soils generally contain adequate levels of organic matter, soil microbes, and nutrients. Urban, suburban, and landscape soils (as opposed to forest soils) usually lack these qualities, and are often compacted. In many cases, trees in a landscaped environment suffer from inadequate soil fertility, soil compaction, root zone competition with turf grasses, and inadequate total soil volume. Soil Care treatments should be applied as soon as possible, therefore they do not have a Tree & Shrub Work phase.

Bartlett Tree Experts recommends several procedures and treatments that address soil quality. Taking soil samples is perhaps the most important. Proper tree care cannot be initiated unless it is known what type of soil environment the trees are growing in. Soil testing results can help to create a path forward for improved tree health. We address some of these below.

Soil Sampling

Collecting soil samples and having them tested helps determine nutrients that may be lacking, unfavorable soil pH values, and adequacy of soil organic matter. Laboratory tests and analyses can determine the need for soil amendments.

Bulk Density

Compacted soils are regrettably common in the urban setting. A bulk density test, which requires an undisturbed core sample, measures the level of soil compaction. Arborists can use the results to diagnose problems or to determine what size holes to dig for planting. If soil density exceeds a measured threshold for a given soil type and tree species, we recommend Bartlett's Root Invigoration™ program.

Soil Rx®

Bartlett's Soil Rx® program, which is a prescription soil amendment program, aims to correct nutrient deficiencies and optimize soil conditions for designated trees.

Root Invigoration™

The aim of Bartlett's patented Root Invigoration™ Program is to improve soil conditions by addressing soil compaction and promoting efficient root growth, especially for high-value trees in disturbed areas. The process includes taking soil samples to determine what nutrients are deficient, performing a root collar excavation, "air-tilling" a portion of the root

zone to find fine roots, incorporating organic matter, applying soil amendments (based on soil sample), and applying mulch. The area of the root system treated can vary by tree. For the Root Invigoration™ Program to be successful, proper watering techniques must be employed after the process is complete.

Mulch Application

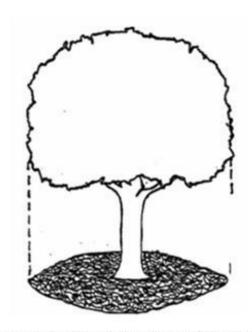
Proper mulching (top left and bottom left) provides many benefits to trees and shrubs. It moderates soil temperatures, reduces soil moisture loss, reduces soil compaction, provides nutrients, and improves soil structure. This practice results in more root growth and healthier plants. The image on the top right illustrates root growth density under grass versus mulch. Mulch is frequently applied incorrectly (bottom right), so we recommend that readers inspect the technical report on mulch application guidelines that appears in the Appendix.



Example of how mulch should be installed, 2-4 inches thick and not against the trunk.



Example of root density under grass versus mulch.



Example of how mulch should be applied from the trunk to the dripline.



Example of improper mulch application, known as "volcano mulch".

At the time of inventory, no trees were directly recommended for soil care. However, we recommend soil sampling across maintained areas with prominent landscape plantings to identify opportunities to optimize soil conditions moving forward.

Root Collar Excavation

Excavating the root collar is necessary for trees whose buttress roots are covered by excess soil or mulch. Buried root collars can contribute to tree health problems, including girdling

roots, basal cankers, and masking root and lower stem decay. Trees in the root collar excavation table do not have a Tree & Shrub Work phase and should be completed as soon as possible. The top image shows a buried root collar and the bottom image shows an exposed root collar.



Example of a buried root collar.



Example of an exposed root collar.

Girdling Roots

Girdling roots (top left and right) restrict water and nutrient movement throughout the tree. If left untreated they can cause the tree to decline, fail (bottom), and eventually die in severe

cases. Girdling roots should be removed as soon as possible, unless removal of roots will significantly impact the condition or stability of the tree. In some cases, the presence of significant or severe girdling roots may cause the tree to be recommended for removal.





Examples of girdling roots.



Example of tree failure from girdling roots.

The following trees are recommended for a root collar excavation:

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR A ROOT COLLAR EXCAVATION (224 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Root Collar Observation
3	Cherry-Flowering	10		☐ Buried root collar
4	Cherry-Flowering	10		☐ Buried root collar
13	Cherry-Flowering	2		☐ Buried root collar
14	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
15	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
16	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
17	Cherry-Flowering	3		☐ Buried root collar
18	Crabapple	5		☐ Buried root collar
19	Cherry-Flowering	6		☐ Buried root collar
20	Crabapple	6		☐ Buried root collar
21	Cherry-Flowering	10		☐ Buried root collar
25	Cherry-Flowering	6		☐ Buried root collar
30	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
33	Cherry-Flowering	2		☐ Buried root collar
34	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
35	Pear-Callery	4		☐ Buried root collar
41	Spruce-White	12		☐ Buried root collar
42	Redbud-Eastern	19		☐ Buried root collar
45	Magnolia-Saucer	11		☐ Buried root collar
54	Crabapple	7,8		☐ Buried root collar
55	Lilac	4		☐ Buried root collar
63	Elm	2		☐ Buried root collar
72	Cherry-Flowering	8		☐ Buried root collar
82	Elm-American	8		☐ Buried root collar
83	Elm-Siberian	8		☐ Buried root collar
88	Lilac	7		☐ Buried root collar
89	Lilac	7		☐ Buried root collar
90	Lilac	10		☐ Buried root collar
91	Crabapple	12		☐ Buried root collar
93	Goldenraintree-Panicled	8		☐ Buried root collar

97	Pear-Callery	26	 ☐ Buried root collar
98	Pear-Callery	26	 ☐ Buried root collar
99	Ginkgo	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
100	Ginkgo	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
106	Crabapple	11	 ☐ Buried root collar
107	Pear-Callery	14	 ☐ Buried root collar
108	Zelkova-Japanese	5	 ☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Root Collar Observation
109	Maple	4		Buried root collarGirdling roots present
110	Lilac-Pekin	4		☐ Buried root collar
111	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
113	Pear-Callery	16		☐ Buried root collar
117	Crabapple	5		☐ Buried root collar
119	Lilac	3		☐ Buried root collar
120	Dogwood	5		☐ Buried root collar
121	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
126	Goldenraintree-Panicled	4		☐ Buried root collar
127	Cherry-Flowering	12		☐ Buried root collar
128	Pear-Callery	9		☐ Buried root collar
130	Pear-Callery	10		☐ Buried root collar
131	Pear-Callery	8		☐ Buried root collar
132	Maple	14	Low	☐ Buried root collar
134	Maple-Norway	17		☐ Buried root collar
137	Pear-Callery	11		☐ Buried root collar
138	Pear-Callery	10		☐ Buried root collar
141	Dogwood-Flowering	2		☐ Buried root collar
142	Dogwood-Flowering	2		☐ Buried root collar
144	Lilac	4		☐ Buried root collar
145	Pear-Callery	12		☐ Buried root collar
146	Lilac	8		☐ Girdling roots present
148	Pear-Callery	4		☐ Buried root collar
149	Pear-Callery	20		☐ Buried root collar

150	Lilac-Pekin	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
151	Pear-Callery	10	 ☐ Buried root collar
152	Pear-Callery	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
153	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
154	Pear-Callery	17	 ☐ Buried root collar
156	Ginkgo	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
157	Pear-Callery	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
161	Lilac-Pekin	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
164	Lilac	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
165	Yew	4,3,1	 ☐ Buried root collar
169	Cherry-Flowering	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
170	Pear-Callery	3	 ☐ Buried root collar
171	Pear-Callery	9	 ☐ Buried root collar
172	Pear-Callery	9	 ☐ Buried root collar
173	Ginkgo	3	 ☐ Buried root collar
175	Snowbell	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
176	Snowbell	5	 ☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Root Collar Observation
178	Cherry-Flowering	8		☐ Buried root collar
180	Cherry-Flowering	8		☐ Buried root collar
182	Rose-of-Sharon	4		☐ Buried root collar
183	Lilac	5		☐ Buried root collar
185	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
186	Cherry-Flowering	18		☐ Buried root collar
190	Pear-Callery	8		☐ Buried root collar
192	Pear-Callery	11		☐ Buried root collar
200	Pear-Callery	20		☐ Buried root collar
203	Lilac	6		☐ Buried root collar
204	Zelkova-Japanese	2		☐ Buried root collar
209	Lilac	11		☐ Buried root collar
214	Pear-Callery	10		☐ Buried root collar
218	Hawthorn	2		☐ Buried root collar

219	Mulberry	2,2,2	 ☐ Buried root collar
222	Cherry-Flowering	5	 ☐ Buried root collar
226	Lilac	8	 ☐ Buried root collar
230	Crabapple	12	 ☐ Buried root collar
231	Cherry-Flowering	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
232	Cherry-Flowering	5	 ☐ Buried root collar
233	Cherry-Flowering	3	 ☐ Buried root collar
234	Pear-Callery	9	 ☐ Buried root collar
235	Lilac	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
236	Pear-Callery	10	 ☐ Buried root collar
238	Lilac	7	 ☐ Buried root collar
259	Maple-Red	3	 ☐ Buried root collar
262	Maple-Red	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
263	Maple-Red	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
265	Maple-Red	12	 ☐ Buried root collar
266	Lilac	9	 ☐ Buried root collar
267	Lilac	10	 ☐ Buried root collar
270	Maple-Red	11	 ☐ Buried root collar
278	Lilac	8	 ☐ Buried root collar
280	Lilac	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
286	Hemlock-Canadian	12	 ☐ Buried root collar
293	Elm	1	 ☐ Buried root collar
295	Elm	1	 ☐ Buried root collar
296	Crabapple	15	 ☐ Buried root collar
297	Crabapple	15	 ☐ Buried root collar
298	Pear-Callery	7	 ☐ Buried root collar
308	Dogwood-Flowering	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
315	Maple-Sugar	30	 ☐ Buried root collar
316	Maple-Sugar	25	 ☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Root Collar Observation
318	Maple-Norway	32		☐ Buried root collar
324	Cherry-Flowering	10		☐ Buried root collar
325	Pear-Callery	13		☐ Buried root collar

330	Pear-Callery	7	 ☐ Buried root collar
335	Lilac	12	 ☐ Buried root collar
337	Pear-Callery	13	 ☐ Buried root collar
338	Plum-Purple Leaf	9,7,8	 ☐ Buried root collar
340	Dogwood-Kousa	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
342	Dogwood-Kousa	2	 ☐ Buried root collar
376	Holly-American	6,6,5	 ☐ Buried root collar
382	Maple-Japanese	8	 ☐ Buried root collar
389	Maple-Red	8	 ☐ Buried root collar
406	Maple-Red	9	 ☐ Buried root collar
409	Elm	5	 ☐ Buried root collar
421	Walnut-Persian	11	 ☐ Buried root collar
427	Redbud-Eastern	13	 ☐ Buried root collar
432	Cherry-Flowering	18	 ☐ Buried root collar
439	Goldenraintree-Panicled	11,9	 ☐ Buried root collar
465	Cherry-Flowering	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
469	Cherry-Flowering	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
471	Pear-Callery	5	 ☐ Buried root collar
474	Cherry-Flowering	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
488	Dogwood-Kousa	9	 ☐ Buried root collar
501	Pear-Callery	17	 ☐ Buried root collar
504	Pear-Callery	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
505	Dogwood-Flowering	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
506	Dogwood-Flowering	3	 ☐ Buried root collar
507	Redbud-Eastern	9,8,7	 ☐ Buried root collar
510	Dogwood-Flowering	4	 ☐ Buried root collar
513	Zelkova-Japanese	1	 ☐ Buried root collar
514	Zelkova-Japanese	1	 ☐ Buried root collar
515	Pear-Callery	5	 ☐ Buried root collar
516	Cherry-Flowering	12	 Buried root collarGirdling roots present
517	Maple-Red	7	 ☐ Buried root collar
524	Lilac	5	 ☐ Buried root collar
525	Lilac	6	 ☐ Buried root collar
526	Cherry-Flowering	6	 ☐ Buried root collar

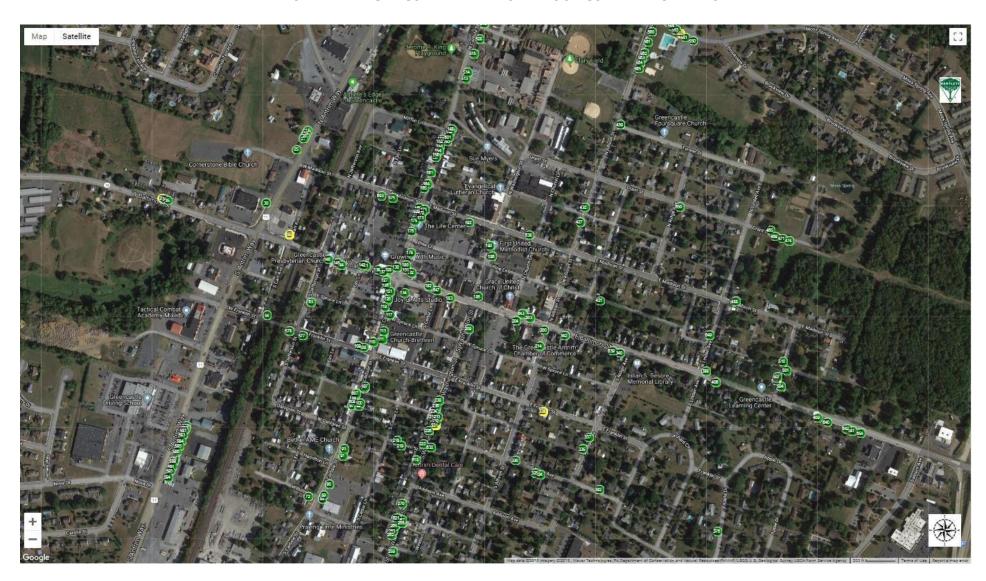
528	Maple-Red	10	 ☐ Buried root collar
529	Pear-Callery	16	 ☐ Buried root collar
530	Crabapple	11	 ☐ Buried root collar
531	Pear-Callery	14	 ☐ Buried root collar
532	Crabapple	11	 ☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Root Collar Observation
533	Pear-Callery	15		☐ Buried root collar
534	Crabapple	9		☐ Buried root collar
535	Pear-Callery	13		☐ Buried root collar
536	Crabapple	11		☐ Buried root collar
537	Pear-Callery	14		☐ Buried root collar
538	Crabapple	11		☐ Buried root collar
539	Crabapple	10		☐ Buried root collar
541	Crabapple	10		☐ Buried root collar
542	Pear-Callery	13		☐ Buried root collar
543	Crabapple	8		☐ Buried root collar
544	Pear-Callery	9		☐ Buried root collar
547	Crabapple	10		☐ Buried root collar
550	Ginkgo	3		☐ Buried root collar
551	Pear-Callery	5		☐ Buried root collar
552	Maple-Red	3		☐ Buried root collar
553	Cherry-Flowering	5		☐ Buried root collar
554	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
555	Maple-Red	6		☐ Buried root collar
556	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
557	Ginkgo	3		☐ Buried root collar
560	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
561	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
562	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
563	Maple-Red	5		☐ Buried root collar
564	Pear-Callery	8		☐ Buried root collar
565	Maple-Red	6		☐ Buried root collar
575	Zelkova-Japanese	2		☐ Buried root collar

577	Lilac	3		☐ Buried root collar
578	Tuliptree	3		☐ Buried root collar
579	Cherry-Flowering	5		☐ Buried root collar
580	Birch	2		☐ Buried root collar
581	Pear-Callery	5		☐ Buried root collar
583	Cherry-Flowering	8		☐ Buried root collar
584	Pear-Callery	4		☐ Buried root collar
585	Cherry-Flowering	5		☐ Buried root collar
586	Pear-Callery	6		☐ Buried root collar
587	Cherry-Flowering	12		☐ Buried root collar
588	Ginkgo	1		☐ Buried root collar
589	Pear-Callery	7		☐ Buried root collar
591	Cherry-Flowering	8		☐ Buried root collar
593	Pear-Callery	8		☐ Buried root collar
594	Cherry-Flowering	5		☐ Buried root collar
599	Lilac	1		☐ Buried root collar
Tree	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk	Root Collar
ID			Rating	Observation
601	Lilac	1	Rating	☐ Buried root collar
	Lilac Crabapple	1 14	<u> </u>	
601				☐ Buried root collar
601	Crabapple	14		☐ Buried root collar☐ Buried root collar
601 603 605	Crabapple Elm	14		☐ Buried root collar ☐ Buried root collar ☐ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry	14 1 1		☐ Buried root collar ☐ Buried root collar ☐ Buried root collar ☐ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry	14 1 1 1		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple	14 1 1 1 8		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering	14 1 1 1 8 6,5,5		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red	14 1 1 1 8 6,5,5		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red Lilac	14 1 1 1 8 6,5,5 9		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632 638	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red Lilac Zelkova-Japanese	14 1 1 8 6,5,5 9 1		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632 638 639	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red Lilac Zelkova-Japanese Sycamore-American	14 1 1 8 6,5,5 9 1 1		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632 638 639 640 641	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red Lilac Zelkova-Japanese Sycamore-American Sycamore-American	14 1 1 8 6,5,5 9 1 1 1		 □ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632 638 639 640 641	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red Lilac Zelkova-Japanese Sycamore-American Sycamore-American Sycamore-American	14 1 1 8 6,5,5 9 1 1 1 1		□ Buried root collar
601 603 605 607 608 618 621 632 638 639 640 641 642 643	Crabapple Elm Serviceberry Serviceberry Crabapple Dogwood-Flowering Maple-Red Lilac Zelkova-Japanese Sycamore-American Sycamore-American Sycamore-American Maple-Red	14 1 1 8 6,5,5 9 1 1 1 1 5		 □ Buried root collar

654	Pear-Callery	8		☐ Buried root collar	1
001	1 can daniery		***	builed root condi	ı

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR A ROOT COLLAR EXCAVATION



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 51 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Plant Health Care

The Inventory Team also recommends Plant Health Care (PHC) programs for trees in the formal landscape. In addition, an Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program monitors for potentially damaging insects, diseases and cultural problems that are often seasonal and may not have been evident during our inventory visit. Plant Health Care treatments should be applied as soon as possible, therefore they do not have a Tree & Shrub Work phase. These pests and diseases include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Anthracnose on a variety of species
- Aphids on a variety of species
- Bacterial Leaf Scorch on trees within red oak group
- Bagworms on a variety of tree species
- Boring Insects on a variety of tree species
- Caterpillar Defoliators on a variety of tree species, especially oak
- Gall Insects on a variety of species
- Lacebugs on a variety of species
- Scab and Rust Fungi on crabapple and apple species.
- Suspected Phytophthora Root Rot and Canker on a variety of tree species, especially beech species
- Scale Insects on a variety of tree species, especially oak
- Spider Mites on a variety of tree species



Tree #552 with bagworms present.

We identified pests or diseases on the following inventoried trees at the time of the inventory:

INVENTORIED TREES IDENTIFIED FOR PLANT HEALTH CARE (15 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Pest(s) or Disease(s)
7	Hemlock-Canadian	10	□ Scale
8	Hemlock-Canadian	9	□ Scale
103	Crabapple	7	□ Scale
153	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	2	□ Scale
203	Lilac	6	□ Scale
238	Lilac	7	□ Scale
294	Maple-Red	8	□ Scale
301*	Ash-White	7	☐ Emerald ash borer (suspected)
498*	Ash-White	15	☐ Emerald ash borer (suspected)
539	Crabapple	10	□ Scale
541	Crabapple	10	□ Scale
552	Maple-Red	3	☐ Bagworms

563	Maple-Red	5	□ Scale
565	Maple-Red	6	□ Scale
606	Crabapple	7	□ Scale

^{*} Trees that are recommended for removal in the Tree Removal Section

INVENTORIED TREES IDENTIFIED FOR PLANT HEALTH CARE



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 54 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Tree Pruning

A commonly offered service among tree companies, pruning trees is one of the most poorly executed practices by tree workers who lack training in the basics of tree biology. "Lion's tailing," topping, and flush cuts are a few examples, and these can lead to hazardous conditions over time.

Because this practice is so misunderstood, and because specific standards exist to perform pruning correctly, the Inventory Team decided to include some explanation in the main body of this management plan.

Tree owners and tree-care practitioners should always keep in mind that any pruning cut is a wound. Informed tree-care professionals have learned to manage that wounding to preserve the health, safety, and integrity of the tree.

Improper Pruning Practices

A few of the most common pruning abuses are:

- Lion's Tailing pruning that removes interior branches along the stem and scaffold branches. This encourages poor branch taper, poor wind load distribution, and risk of branch failure. It also deprives the tree of foliage it needs to produce **photosynthates**. See next page, top left.
- Topping pruning cuts that reduce a tree's size by using heading cuts that shorten branches to a predetermined size. Topping substantially reduces the functional benefits a tree is capable of providing and predisposes trees to structural defects that can contribute to failures in the future. It also reduces the value of the trees substantially and deprives the tree of adequate foliage. See next page, top right.
- Flush Cuts pruning cut through the **branch collar**, flush against the trunk or parent stem, causing unnecessary injury. See next page, bottom.
- Using Climbing Spikes Inappropriately Using climbing spikes on a healthy tree, for example, wounds healthy stem tissues and can lead to infection by fungal pathogens.



Pruning with a Goal

Below are illustrations of common pruning goals:

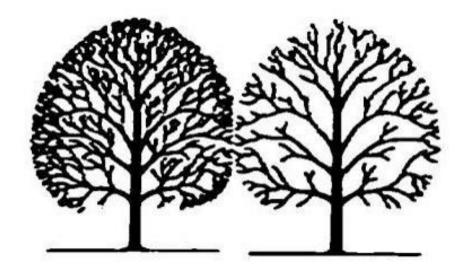


Illustration of improving airflow to reduce disease.



Illustration of branch weight reduction.

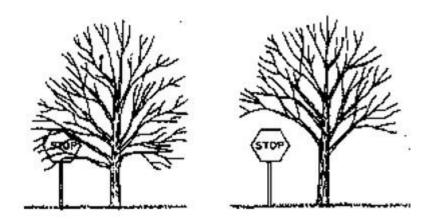


Illustration of raising branch elevation to improve clearance.

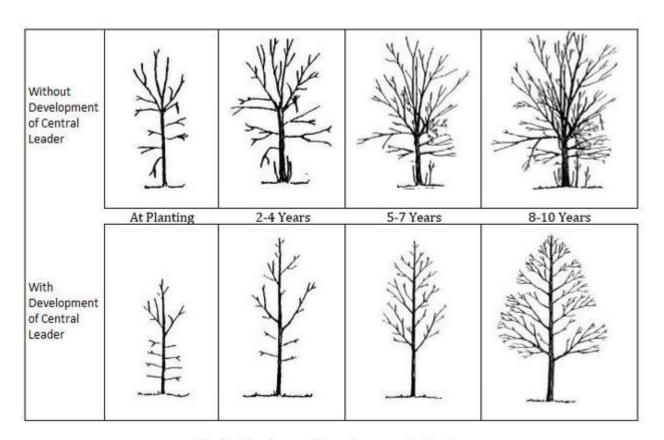


Illustration of promoting a strong central leader.

Pruning Category

All trees identified in this management plan that have pruning recommendations are listed with a specific pruning category. The listed order of these pruning categories are typical to most managers. Trees within each category are prioritized by the specific goals of most managers. It is recommended that specific goals be discussed with your local Bartlett

Arborist Representative. Pruning categories are separated into individual tables below where each table lists specific arboricultural pruning goals and recommendations for each tree.

Risk Mitigation Pruning

Any tree identified with a Risk Mitigation Pruning category to reduce the *Overall Tree Risk Rating*, was previously summarized in the Tree Risk Assessments and Mitigation section earlier in the document.

Maintenance Pruning

This goal typically requires routine pruning of large/mature trees. Includes branch removal and/or branch reduction to help reduce *likelihood of failure* and/or conflict with infrastructure. Trees with these goals are typically climbed or require the use of aerial lifts and/or other specialized equipment.

The trees in this table are recommended for maintenance pruning:

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR MAINTENANCE PRUNING (254 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
28	Mulberry	41	1	☐ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
40	Spruce-Norway	15	1	☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
41	Spruce-White	12	1	□ Clearance	Buried root collarDead branches >2
44	Maple-Crimson King	23	1	☐ Clearance	Dead branches >2Uneven crown
45	Magnolia-Saucer	11	1	☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar☐ Topping/heading cuts
51	Birch-Paper	7,10	1	☐ Clearance	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
57	CoffeetreeKentucky	20	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
59	Fir-White	24	1	☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
64	Privet	5,5,4	1	☐ Clearance	
73	Magnolia- Southern	18	1	□ Clearance	
74	CoffeetreeKentucky	29,23	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2
75	CoffeetreeKentucky	31	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Co-dominant stems☐ Growing against object
76	Maple-Red	58	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Co-dominant stems Included bark Poor branch structure
77	Pear-Callery	24	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2HangerIncluded bark
78	Pear-Callery	29	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2
94	CoffeetreeKentucky	41	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	• Dead branches >2 □ Sidewalk liftingminor • Uneven crown
97	Pear-Callery	26	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	• Buried root collar □ Overextended branch • Poor branch structure

98	Pear-Callery	26	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Buried root Co-dominant stems Included bark Poor branch structure
104	Boxelder	24,19	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems
107	Pear-Callery	14	1	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
113	Pear-Callery	16	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Poor branch structure
115	Pear-Callery	17	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Clearance	Co-dominant stemsSidewalk liftingminor
124	Locust-Black	40	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
125	Pear-Callery	8	1	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Poor branch structure
127	Cherry-Flowering	12	1	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar☐ Topping/heading cuts
128	Pear-Callery	9	1	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
130	Pear-Callery	10	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

131	Pear-Callery	8	1	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
133	Cherry-Flowering	15	1	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	Poor branch structureTopping/heading cuts
134	Maple-Norway	17	1	□ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Co-dominant stems
136	Pear-Callery	25	1	□ Clearance	Co-dominant stemsIncluded bark
137	Pear-Callery	11	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarWound-branch
138	Pear-Callery	10	1	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
143	Crabapple	8,7	1	☐ Clearance	☐ Co-dominant stems
147	Maple-Silver	24,21,18	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
149	Pear-Callery	20	1	□ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar☐ Poor branch structure
158	Oak-Pin	29	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2 ☐ Topping/heading cuts
179	Lilac	8	1	☐ Develop branch structure	• Co-dominant stems • Wound-stem
180	Cherry-Flowering	8	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarWound-branch
181	Pear-Callery	11	1	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	Co-dominant stems Included bark

184	Pear-Callery	12	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure
186	Cherry-Flowering	18	1	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
193	Maple-Norway	19	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
194	Maple-Sugar	24	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Co-dominant stems Dead branches >2 Topping/heading cuts
195	Maple	30	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Cavity-branchDead branches >2Hanger
197	Maple-Norway	20	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Dead branches >2 Flush cuts □ Poor branch structure
198	Maple-Red	45	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Broken branch(s)Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2
200	Pear-Callery	20	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar☐ Co-dominant stems
208	Pear-Callery	11	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Broken branch(s)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
217	Maple	21	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Hanger

227	Pear-Callery	9	1	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Poor branch structure
228	Crabapple	13	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	HangerTopping/heading cuts
229	Pear-Callery	13	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	Poor branch structureWound-stem
230	Crabapple	12	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarDead branches >2
234	Pear-Callery	9	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
236	Pear-Callery	10	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
241	Arborvitae	19,18	1	☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
246	Pine-Eastern White	18	1	☐ Clearance	
253	Oak-Pin	30	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Clearance	Dead branches >2Hanger
256	Maple	16	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Wound-stem
257	Maple	38	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Hanger
270	Maple-Red	11	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
282	HoneylocustCommon	35	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	□ Dead branches >2
299	Locust-Black	35	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	□ Dead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
300	Maple-Sugar	24	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Develop branch structure	□ Dead branches >2
303	Maple-Silver	27	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Girdling roots present (moderate)
304	Maple-Norway	15	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Girdling roots present (moderate)
305	Maple-Silver	14,13	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems☐ Girdling rootspresent
315	Maple-Sugar	30	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Buried root collar Dead branches >2 □ Topping/heading cuts
317	Oak-Northern Red	40	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	• Dead branches >2 • Hanger
318	Maple-Norway	32	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Buried root collarDead branches >2
319	Pear-Callery	21	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
320	Pear-Callery	26	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Co-dominant stemsIncluded bark
321	Pear-Callery	24	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems
322	Pear-Callery	28	1	Develop branch structureReduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems

325	Pear-Callery	13	1	• Clearance • Improve light and air penetration through crown □ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Buried root collar☐ Co-dominant stems
328	Linden-Littleleaf	23,19	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
341	Pear-Callery	10	1	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown 	□ Butt swell
343	Pear-Callery	13	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
344	Pear-Callery	16	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Overextended branch
345	Sweetgum	30	1	 Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure Reduce weight of branch ends 	Topping/heading cutsUneven crown
346	Sweetgum	25	1	 Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure Reduce weight of branch ends 	Poor branch structureTopping/heading cuts
347	Sweetgum	29	1	• Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Develop branch structure • Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Topping/heading cuts

348	Maple-Norway	36	1	 Clearance Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure Reduce weight of branch ends 	• Poor branch structure
349	Sweetgum	30	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Develop branch structure	Dead branches>2Poor branch structure
350	Cherry-Flowering	19	1	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Topping/heading cuts

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
353	Hackberry	20	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
378	Maple-Norway	25	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Overextended branch
379	Maple-Norway	24	1	 Develop branch structure Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure □ Clearance 	□ Dead branches >2
390	Sycamore- American	39	1	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown 	☐ Topping/heading cuts
391	Sycamore- American	35	1	Developbranch structureReduceweight of branch ends	
392	Sycamore- American	34	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Co-dominant stemsHanger

393	Sycamore- American	36	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
394	Sycamore- American	33	1	Developbranch structureReduceweight of branch ends	Overextended branchTopping/heading cuts
395	Sycamore- American	35	1	 Reduce weight of branch ends Improve light and air penetration through crown 	☐ Co-dominant stems
396	Sycamore- American	31	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Topping/heading cuts
397	Sycamore- American	34	1	Develop branch structureReduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Poor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
398	Sycamore- American	39	1	Developbranch structureReduceweight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Topping/heading cuts
399	Sycamore- American	31	1	Developbranch structureReduceweight of branch ends	
400	Sycamore- American	32	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Topping/heading cuts
403	Linden-American	41	1	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown □ Reduce 	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure

				weight of branch ends	
404	Linden-American	21	1	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown □ Reduce weight of branch ends 	Poor branch structureTopping/heading cuts
407	Maple-Norway	29	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Dead branches >2 ☐ Poor branch structure
410	Elm	46	1	 Develop branch structure Reduce weight of branch ends 	 Co-dominant Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
415	Walnut-Black	30	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2Wound-stem
416	Walnut-Black	29	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	□ Dead branches >2
417	Walnut-Black	31	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
428	Walnut-Black	28	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Dead branches >2

447	Pear-Callery	25	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structure
448	Pear-Callery	30	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Overextended branch
459	Spruce	12	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
461	Maple-Norway	23	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Dead branches 2 Hanger Topping/heading cuts
468	Maple-Silver	54	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2
476	Redcedar- Western (13)	4	1	☐ Maintain size and shape	
477	Cypress-Leyland	8	1	☐ Maintain size and shape	
503	Pear-Callery	14	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Hanger
595	Pear-Callery	11	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
596	Pear-Callery	10	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
597	Pear-Callery	11	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
598	Pear-Callery	14	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Develop branch structure	Dead branches >2Fungi/conks
602	Crabapple	17	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2

603	Crabapple	14	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Buried root collarDead branches >2
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Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
611	Maple-Norway	24	1	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	
615	Maple-Red	13	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	☐ Co-dominant stems
623	Maple-Trident	13	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
624	Maple-Trident	17	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Dead branches >2
629	Maple-Red	23	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Dead branches >2
631	Maple-Norway	13	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Dead branches >2
634	Sycamore- American	34	1	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems
652	Maple-Norway	32	1	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2
1	Birch-Paper	11	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	
5	Cherry-Flowering	26	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems
7	Hemlock- Canadian	10	2	□ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
8	Hemlock- Canadian	9	2	□ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2

11	Birch-River	6,6,7	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Poor branch structure
15	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
16	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
42	Redbud-Eastern	19	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Buried root collarDead branches >2Wound-stem
43	Dogwood- Flowering	12,8	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Co-dominant stems ☐ Girdling roots suspected
52	Crabapple	5	2	☐ Clearance	Poor branch structureTopping/heading cuts
54	Crabapple	7,8	2	☐ Clearance	 Buried root collar Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure
60	RedcedarWestern	3,3,3	2	☐ Clearance	
61	RedcedarWestern	3,3,2	2	□ Clearance	
69	Lilac-Japanese Tree	3,3,3	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
70	Lilac-Japanese Tree	4,3,3	2	□ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
71	Lilac-Japanese Tree	5,4,3	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
85	Yew	4,4,4	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches <=2

86	Yew	4,4,4	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
87	Yew	6,6,5	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
91	Crabapple	12	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
92	GoldenraintreePanicled	8,8	2	□ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
93	GoldenraintreePanicled	8	2	☐ Clearance	Buried rootcollarPoor branchstructure
103	Crabapple	7	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	☐ Broken branch(s)
110	Lilac-Pekin	4	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
114	Crabapple	12	2	□ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
118	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems
121	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
122	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	 Broken branch(s) Co-dominant stems
123	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Co-dominant stems
145	Pear-Callery	12	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
146	Lilac	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Girdling roots present
148	Pear-Callery	4	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
151	Pear-Callery	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar☐ Poor branch structure
154	Pear-Callery	17	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Topping/heading cuts

160	Maple-Norway	17	2	☐ Develop branch structure	• Co-dominant stems • Included bark
162	Cherry-Flowering	9	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Topping/heading cuts
165	Yew	4,3,1	2	□ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
171	Pear-Callery	9	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
172	Pear-Callery	9	2	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collar Wound-root flare
183	Lilac	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried rootcollarPoor branchstructure
185	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
190	Pear-Callery	8	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
191	Pear-Callery	8	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Co-dominant stems
192	Pear-Callery	11	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
199	Pear-Callery	18	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
202	Lilac	11	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	Broken branch(s) Wound-branch

205	Pear-Callery	14	2	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown 	☐ Poor branch structure
206	Lilac	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Dead branches <=2
209	Lilac	11	2	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown 	☐ Buried root collar
210	Crabapple	15	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	 Flush cuts Poor branch structure Wound- branch
212	Pear-Callery	14	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Topping/heading cuts
214	Pear-Callery	10	2	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collar Wound-stem
215	Pear-Callery	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Poor branch structure
221	Cherry-Flowering	11	2	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	
225	Crabapple	14	2	☐ Clearance ☐ Develop branch structure	Co-dominant stems □Topping/heading cutsWound-stem
226	Lilac	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
240	Crapemyrtle	4,4,4	2	□ Clearance	
242	Arborvitae	20,19	2	☐ Clearance	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
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			Phase		
243	Crabapple	14	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Topping/heading cuts
244	Crabapple	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	
274	Pear-Callery	14	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Topping/heading cuts
287	Cherry-Flowering	12	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
288	Cherry-Flowering	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
289	Cherry-Flowering	13	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
316	Maple-Sugar	25	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	 Buried root collar □ Topping/heading cuts Wound-stem
323	Plum-Purple Leaf	8,7	2	☐ Clearance ☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Co-dominant stems
329	Magnolia-Saucer	6,5,4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Dead branches2Poor branch structure
333	Pear-Callery	12	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems
335	Lilac	12	2	☐ Develop branch structure ☐ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar
336	Pear-Callery	13	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown ☐ Develop branch structure	

337	Pear-Callery	13	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown ☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
354	Pear-Callery	13	2	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	☐ Co-dominant stems

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
368	Maple	22	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	
384	Walnut-Persian	26	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Dead branches >2Hanger
422	Magnolia-Saucer	19	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Poor branch structure
423	GoldenraintreePanicled	9	2	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown 	☐ Poor branch structure
425	Cherry-Flowering	12	2	 Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown 	
427	Redbud-Eastern	13	2	Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure □ Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown	 Buried root collar Dead branches >2 Poor branch structure

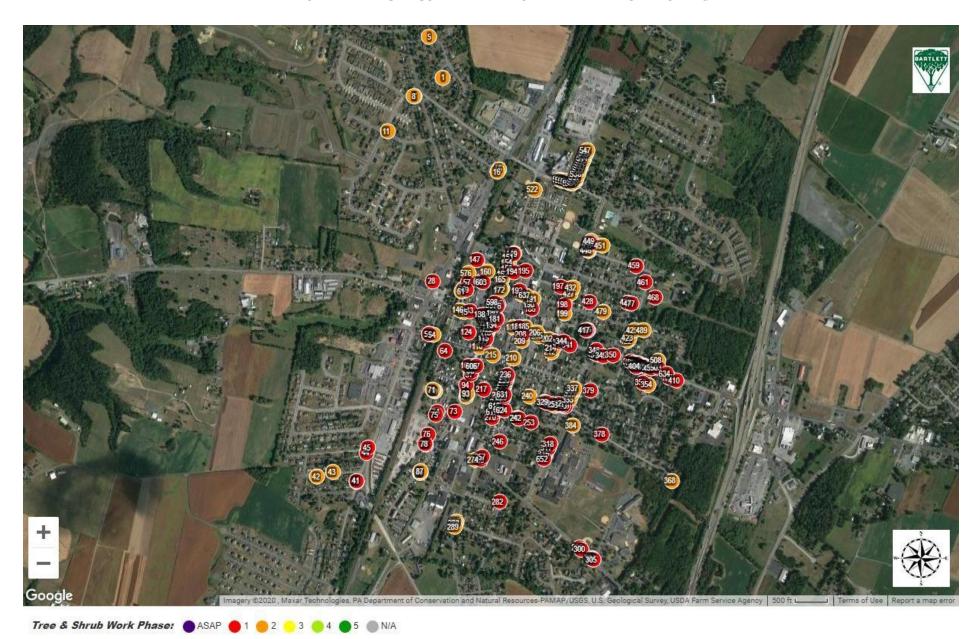
432	Cherry-Flowering	18	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Poor branch structure
439	GoldenraintreePanicled	11,9	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure ☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarDead branches >2
446	Pear-Callery	20	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure
449	Pear-Callery	12	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
451	Walnut-Black	24	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Co-dominant stemsDead branches >2

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
479	Elm	41	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown ☐ Develop branch structure	Dead branches>2Poor branchstructure
489	Maple-Red	15	2	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	☐ Poor branch structure
502	Pear-Callery	22	2	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends ☐ Develop branch structure	Poor branch structureTopping/heading cuts
507	Redbud-Eastern	9,8,7	2	Develop branch structure Improve light and air penetration through crown □ Clearance	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Poor branch structure
508	Dogwood- Flowering	9	2	□ Clearance	☐ Dead branches >2
522	Cherry-Flowering	14	2	☐ Reduce weight of branch ends	

529	Pear-Callery	16	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
530	Crabapple	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
531	Pear-Callery	14	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarWound-stem
532	Crabapple	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
533	Pear-Callery	15	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
534	Crabapple	9	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
535	Pear-Callery	13	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
536	Crabapple	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
537	Pear-Callery	14	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
538	Crabapple	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
539	Crabapple	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
540	Pear-Callery	15	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
541	Crabapple	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
542	Pear-Callery	13	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
543	Crabapple	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
544	Pear-Callery	9	2	☐ Reduce risk of branch stem and/or root failure	Buried root collarDead branches > 2
545	Crabapple	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

546	Pear-Callery	15	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
547	Crabapple	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
576	Zelkova-Japanese	25	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	
606	Crabapple	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
616	Crabapple	3,2,2	2	☐ Clearance	☐ Overextended branch
637	Crabapple	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR MAINTENANCE PRUNING



Developmental Pruning

This goal typically requires routine pruning of small/young trees. Includes structural pruning to develop a strong central stem, establish proper branch spacing, and/or develop branch structure.

The trees in this table are recommended for developmental pruning:

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR DEVELOPMENTAL PRUNING (182 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
62	Oak-Pin	2	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
63	Elm	2	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
126	Goldenraintree-Panicled	4	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
139	Lilac	8	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Girdling roots suspected
144	Lilac	4	1	□ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
178	Cherry-Flowering	8	1	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collar Wound-stem
182	Rose-of-Sharon	4	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
207	Maple-Red	9	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Co-dominant stems
264	Maple-Red	10	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Poor branch structure
265	Maple-Red	12	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar

				Develop branch structure	
293	Elm	1	1	 Promote development of strong 	☐ Buried root collar
				central stem	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
294	Maple-Red	8	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	
295	Elm	1	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	☐ Buried root collar
342	Dogwood-Kousa	2	1	Develop branch structurePromote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
389	Maple-Red	8	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
401	Cherry-Flowering	6	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure
402	Cherry-Flowering	7	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Girdling roots present (moderate)
405	Maple-Red	11	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	Co-dominant stemsPoor branch structureUneven crown
406	Maple-Red	9	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
409	Elm	5	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
421	Walnut-Persian	11	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	Buried root collarPoor branch structure

435	Oak-White	3	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
463	Pear-Callery	7	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
464	Cherry-Flowering	9	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
465	Cherry-Flowering	4	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
469	Cherry-Flowering	6	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
470	Cherry-Flowering	6	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Wound-branch
471	Pear-Callery	5	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	Broken branch(s) Buried root collar
472	Pear-Callery	5	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	
473	Cherry-Flowering	9	1	☐ Develop branch structure	
474	Cherry-Flowering	4	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
515	Pear-Callery	5	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
517	Maple-Red	7	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
519	Maple-Red	7	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	
521	Maple-Red	6	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	

528	Maple-Red	10	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	□ Buried root collar
550	Ginkgo	3	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
551	Pear-Callery	5	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
552	Maple-Red	3	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
553	Cherry-Flowering	5	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
554	Pear-Callery	6	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
555	Maple-Red	6	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	□ Buried root collar
556	Pear-Callery	6	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
557	Ginkgo	3	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
558	Pear-Callery	6	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
559	Elm	3	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
560	Pear-Callery	7	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
561	Pear-Callery	7	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	□ Buried root collar

562	Pear-Callery	7	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	□ Buried root collar
563	Maple-Red	5	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
564	Pear-Callery	8	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
565	Maple-Red	6	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
566	Pear-Callery	8	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	
575	Zelkova-Japanese	2	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
599	Lilac	1	1	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
635	Elm	2	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	Wound-root flareWound-stem
640	Sycamore-American	1	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
642	Sycamore-American	1	1	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
643	Maple-Red	5	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure Clearance 	□ Buried root collar
644	Maple-Red	6	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	Co-dominant stemsWound-stem

645	Maple-Red	6	1	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	
646	Maple-Red	3	1	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	
13	Cherry-Flowering	2	2	□ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
14	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
17	Cherry-Flowering	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
18	Crabapple	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
19	Cherry-Flowering	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
20	Crabapple	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
21	Cherry-Flowering	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
22	Cherry-Flowering	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
23	Cherry-Flowering	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
24	Crabapple	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	 Uneven crown Wound-stem
25	Cherry-Flowering	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Overextended branch
26	Yellowwood	3	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
29	Pear-Callery	5	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Poor branch structure
30	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarPoor branch structure

31	Pear-Callery	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
32	Maple	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
33	Cherry-Flowering	2	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarWound-stem
34	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
35	Pear-Callery	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
36	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
37	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
55	Lilac	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collar Wound-stem
56	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
82	Elm-American	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarPoor branch structure
83	Elm-Siberian	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
84	Elm-Siberian	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure
95	Cherry-Flowering	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Poor branch structureSidewalk lifting-minor
96	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure
99	Ginkgo	2	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
100	Ginkgo	2	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
101	Pear-Callery	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure

106	Crabapple	11	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
108	Zelkova-Japanese	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
109	Maple	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	Buried root collarGirdling roots present
111	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
116	Hornbeam-European	4	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	
119	Lilac	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
120	Dogwood	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
135	Hornbeam-European	2	2	$\hfill\square$ Promote development of strong central stem	
140	Ginkgo	2	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
150	Lilac-Pekin	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
152	Pear-Callery	2	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
153	Honeylocust-Thornless Common	2	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
155	Pear-Callery	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
156	Ginkgo	2	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
157	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Co-dominant stems
159	Lilac	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
161	Lilac-Pekin	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

164	Lilac	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
167	Pear-Callery	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
169	Cherry-Flowering	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Broken branch(s)Buried root collar
170	Pear-Callery	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
173	Ginkgo	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
175	Snowbell	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarWound-stem
176	Snowbell	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
177	Yellowwood	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
201	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Flush cuts
203	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
204	Zelkova-Japanese	2	2	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Overextended branch
222	Cherry-Flowering	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
223	Cherry-Flowering	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Poor branch structureWound-stem
224	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
232	Cherry-Flowering	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
233	Cherry-Flowering	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
235	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
237	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
238	Lilac	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

259	Maple-Red	3	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
261	Cherry-Flowering	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Topping/heading cuts
262	Maple-Red	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
263	Maple-Red	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
266	Lilac	9	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
267	Lilac	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
268	Crabapple	9	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
269	Crabapple	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
276	Pear-Callery	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
278	Lilac	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
279	Lilac	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
280	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
281	Lilac	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
298	Pear-Callery	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
302	Maple-Norway	11,9,9	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Co-dominant stems
326	Lilac	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
327	Lilac	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
330	Pear-Callery	7	2	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
332	Cherry-Flowering	7	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
334	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	
340	Dogwood-Kousa	4	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar

424	Cherry-Flowering	11	2	Develop branch structureImprove light and air penetration through crown	
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Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
426	Maple-Norway	14	2	 Promote development of strong central stem Develop branch structure 	□ Poor branch structure
431	Maple-Norway (8)	6	2	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Poor branch structure
456	Maple-Silver	7	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Co-dominant stems
457	Maple-Red	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
458	Willow-Babylon Weeping	12	2	Develop branch structureImprove light and air penetration through crown	☐ Poor branch structure
518	Cherry-Flowering	9	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Lion tailing
526	Cherry-Flowering	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
577	Lilac	3	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
579	Cherry-Flowering	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
581	Pear-Callery	5	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
583	Cherry-Flowering	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
584	Pear-Callery	4	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
585	Cherry-Flowering	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
586	Pear-Callery	6	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar

587	Cherry-Flowering	12	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
588	Ginkgo	1	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collar Wound-stem
589	Pear-Callery	7	2	Develop branch structurePromote development of strong central stem	☐ Buried root collar
Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
590	Ginkgo	1	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	
591	Cherry-Flowering	8	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
592	Ginkgo	1	2	☐ Promote development of strong central stem	□ Wound-stem
593	Pear-Callery	8	2	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
594	Cherry-Flowering	5	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
654	Pear-Callery	8	2	Promote development of strong central stemDevelop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
655	Lilac	6	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Dead branches >2

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR DEVELOPMENTAL PRUNING



Tree & Shrub Work Phase: ASAP 61 2 3 4 5 N/A

Ornamental Pruning

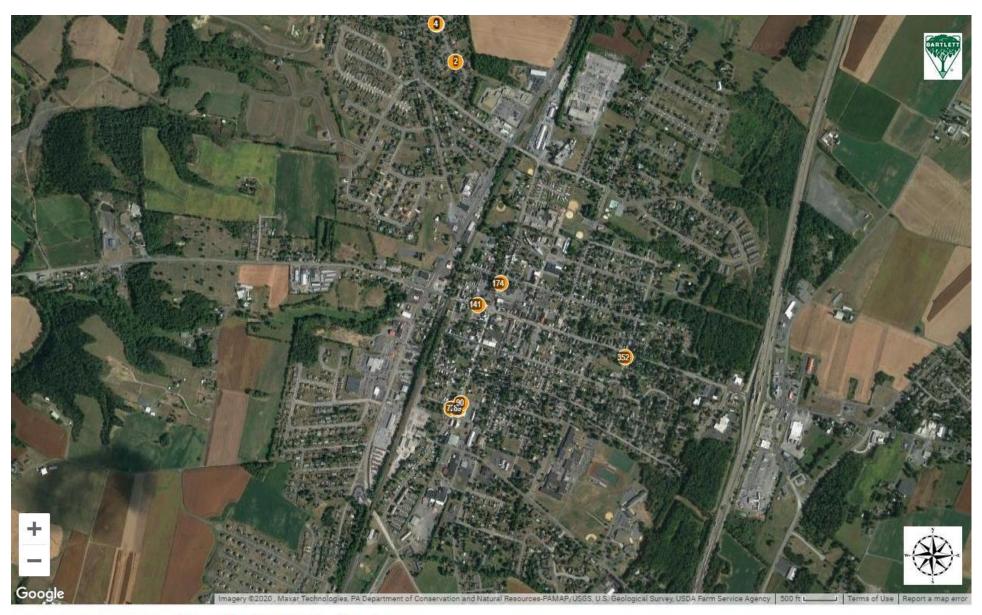
This goal typically requires pruning of small trees. Includes reduction and/or shearing to its desired shape, size, and/or structure.

The trees in this table are recommended for ornamental pruning:

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR ORNAMENTAL PRUNING (10 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Pruning Goal	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
2	Maple- Japanese	4	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	
3	Cherry- Flowering	10	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar ☐ Poor branch structure
4	Cherry- Flowering	10	2	☐ Develop branch structure	Buried root collarDead branches >2
72	Cherry- Flowering	8	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
88	Lilac	7	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
89	Lilac	7	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
90	Lilac	10	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Buried root collar
141	Dogwood- Flowering	2	2	☐ Develop branch structure	☐ Buried root collar
174	Crapemyrtle	2,2,2	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	
352	Crapemyrtle	3,3,2	2	☐ Improve light and air penetration through crown	☐ Poor branch structure

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR ORNAMENTAL PRUNING



Tree & Shrub Work Phase: ASAP 61 62 3 64 5 N/A

Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 91 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Specialized Pruning

Trees with this goal require a unique treatment that may include, but not limited to, targeted pruning cuts, removal of nuisance fruit/parasitic plants, and/or rejuvenation/internodal pruning.

At the time of inventory, no trees were recommended for specialized pruning. However, we recommend close monitoring of trees for changes in condition, especially after weather events not considered normal for the area.

Structural Support Systems

Structural support systems can reduce risk of tree or tree part(s) failure by limiting movement of stems or branches in certain situations. Examples include co-dominant stems or overextended branches with heavy foliage loads.

Cabling

Cabling is the process of connecting two or more upright stems to one another to add stability and reduce the *likelihood of failure*. In some instances, a lateral branch may be secured to the central leader using a cabling system to support the weight of the branch.

Bracing

Bracing is the process of securing the union of two co-dominant stems using high strength steel rods to alleviate stresses at the union and reduce the *likelihood of failure*. Bracing may also be used to reinforce trees that have a partial failure and are likely to benefit from bracing.

Guying

Guying is the process of anchoring a tree's stem to the ground or another immovable object to reduce the likelihood of root failure. Guying can be temporary or permanent and is most often used for establishing a tree in the landscape.

Propping

Propping is the process of using rigid structures that are built on or into the ground to help support the trunk or branch(s) that are oriented near the ground in a horizontal position to reduce the *likelihood of failure* from the weight or defect of the tree part being supported.



Tree #98 is recommended for cabling and bracing due to its large codominant leaders with included bark.

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Structural Support
408	Elm	42	Low	ASAP	☐ Cable: New 1
76	Maple-Red	58		1	☐ Cable: New 1
97	Pear-Callery	26		1	☐ Cable: New 1
98	Pear-Callery	26		1	• Cable: New 1 • Brace Rod: New 1
104	Boxelder	24,19		1	☐ Cable: New 3

147	Maple-Silver	24,21,18	 1	☐ Cable: New 3
193	Maple- Norway	19	 1	☐ Cable: New 1

The following table lists all inventoried trees with structural support system recommendations:

INVENTORIED TREES WITH STRUCTURAL SUPPORT SYSTEM RECOMMENDATIONS (9 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Overall Tree Risk Rating	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Structural Support
328	Linden- Littleleaf	23,19		1	☐ Cable: New 1
191	Pear-Callery	8		2	☐ Brace Rod: New 1

INVENTORIED TREES WITH STRUCTURAL SUPPORT SYSTEM RECOMMENDATIONS



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 96 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Lightning Protection Systems

Lightning strikes kill many people each year and can cause significant damage to objects on the property. Lightning protection systems are designed to provide a preferred path for lightning to the ground in a manner that minimizes tree damage; adjacent tree damage; and also to buildings, property, animals, and people near the tree. Tree species that are naturally more susceptible to lightning strikes, valuable to the landscape, and trees that are within 10 feet of, taller than, or have limbs that are extending over a structure are recommended for lightning protection systems due to the possibility of damage, "sideflashes", and step voltage.

At the time of inventory, no trees were recommended for lightning protection systems. However, as trees continue to grow and site changes occur, we recommend continual consultation with your local Bartlett Arborist Representative to determine if lightning protection systems are warranted in the future.

Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 97 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Tree Removal

In some cases, the inspector may determine need for removal while assessing the tree. Trees may be recommended for removal during the inventory for several reasons:

- The tree is dead;
- The tree is in poor condition and thought to be beyond rehabilitation;
- The tree is over-mature and will continue to decline in condition;
- The tree has significant structural weaknesses that cannot be addressed;
- The tree is already or will interfere with infrastructure (overhead lines for example);
- The location value for the tree is poor or unacceptable (for example, large maturing tree growing directly under overhead lines); and/or,
- The tree species has been declared an invasive for the given area or region.

The trees listed in the table below are recommended for removal:

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR REMOVAL (3 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Condition	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
498	Ash-White	15	Poor	ASAP	
301	Ash-White	7	Poor	1	
357	Cypress- Leyland	11	Fair	2	□ Lean

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR REMOVAL



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 99 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

Vine Removal

The following trees were recommended for removal of vines. Vines and suckers can cover the trunk of a tree and hide defects that may be present.

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR VINE REMOVAL (10 Trees)

Tree ID	Tree ID Common Name	
7	Hemlock-Canadian	10
8	Hemlock-Canadian	9
97	Pear-Callery	26
209	Lilac	11
242	242 Arborvitae	
350	Cherry-Flowering	19
390	390 Sycamore-American	
391	391 Sycamore-American	
412	Hackberry	18,18,17
508	Dogwood-Flowering	9

INVENTORIED TREES RECOMMENDED FOR VINE REMOVAL



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 101 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES



DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES

The following table displays the inventoried dedicated or memorial trees on the Greencastle. The following image shows a dedicated tree on the site.



Dedicated tree #62.

INVENTORIED DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES (2 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	Honoree	Dedication Year
62	Oak-Pin	John Kinney	2017
63	Elm	Roger Johnston	N/A

INVENTORIED DEDICATED OR MEMORIAL TREES ON SOUTH JEFFERSON STREET



Borough of Greencastle Tree Inventory & Management Plan | Page 104 The F.A. Bartlett Tree Expert Company | January 2020

DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS



DEFECTS OR OBSERVATIONS

The following table lists inventoried trees for which we noted defects, observations, or other structural issues and were not assigned an *overall tree risk rating*, recommended for a *Level 3 Advanced assessment*, or have pruning and/or removal recommendations that were previously reported.

INVENTORIED TREES WITH DEFECTS, OBSERVATIONS, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL ISSUES (46 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)	
48	Elm-Siberian	6,5,5	☐ Poor branch structure	
49	Walnut-Black	15	□ Wound-stem	
50	Elm-American	11	 Uneven crown Storm damage	
80	Maple-Norway	4	☐ Growing against object	
81	Redcedar-Western (8)	2,2,2	Topping/heading cutsStorm damage	
129	Maple-Norway	12	☐ Topping/heading cuts	
163 Cherry-Flowering		6	Wound-branchPoor branch structure	

	Ī	1	
196	Redcedar-Western	3,3,3	Wound-stemFlush cutsUneven crown
250	Pine-Eastern White	18	☐ Lean
252	Mulberry	11,12,8	☐ Broken branch(s)
258	Maple	25	☐ Lion tailing
272	Arborvitae	8,7,5	Wound-stem Flush cuts
283	Maple-Sugar	20	Topping/heading cutsLion tailing
284	Walnut-Black	19	☐ Dead branches >2
285	Maple-Norway	29	☐ Dead branches >2
307	Maple-Norway	23	☐ Topping/heading cuts
339	Rose-of-Sharon	7	☐ Topping/heading cuts
362	Redbud-Eastern	15	☐ Dead branches >2
367	Dogwood-Flowering	6,5,5	☐ Co-dominant stems
383	Lilac	3,2,2	Wound-stemTopping/heading cutsDead branches <= 2
388	Dogwood-Flowering	11	□ Wound-stem
411	Maple-Norway	18	Dead branches >2Wound-stem
412	Hackberry	18,18,17	Dead branches >2Co-dominant stems
Tree ID	Common Name	DBH	Defect(s) or Observation(s)
414	Hackberry	7	Co-dominant stemsWound-stemOverextended branch
438	Spruce-Colorado Blue	20	☐ Dead branches <=2
443	Maple-Japanese	5,3,3	Buried root collarWound-stem
452	Maple-Norway	35	☐ Topping/heading cuts
453	Maple-Silver	44	Co-dominant stemsCavity-stem
467	Maple-Norway	13	□ Dead branches >2
475	Maple-Japanese	9,11,8	 Girdling roots present Lion tailing

497	Maple-Silver	49	☐ Co-dominant stems
520	Cherry-Flowering	9	☐ Girdling roots present
549	Maple-Norway	20	Wound-rootTopping/heading cuts
567	Maple-Norway	18	□ Wound-stem
612	Cherry-Flowering	19	☐ Topping/heading cuts
613	Crabapple	11	☐ Topping/heading cuts
627	Boxwood-Common	10	□ Wound-stem
628	Zelkova-Japanese	18	☐ Dead branches >2
651	Maple-Norway	23	☐ Topping/heading cuts

INVENTORIED TREES WITH DEFECTS, OBSERVATIONS, OR OTHER STRUCTURAL ISSUES (NORTH)



ENTIRE INVENTORY



ENTIRE INVENTORY (739 Trees)

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
1	Birch-Paper	Betula	papyrifera	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,443.49
2	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	4	Small	Mature	Good	2	\$369.26
3	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	10	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,586.68
4	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	10	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,586.68
5	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	26	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$10,725.96
6	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,284.82
7	Hemlock-Canadian	Tsuga	canadensis	10	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,730.92
8	Hemlock-Canadian	Tsuga	canadensis	9	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$1,402.05
9	Juniper	Juniperus	sp.	4,3,3	Medium	Mature	Good		\$686.60
10	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	8,6	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,163.66
11	Birch-River	Betula	nigra	6,6,7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,443.49
12	Viburnum	Viburnum	sp.	4,3	Small	Mature	Good		\$504.85
13	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$63.47
14	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
15	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
16	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
17	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	3	Small	Young	Good	2	\$142.80
18	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	5	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$454.37
19	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$571.21
20	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	6	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$654.29
21	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	10	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,586.68
22	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,015.48

23	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,919.88
24	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	5	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$454.37
25	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$571.21
26	Yellowwood	Cladrastis	kentukea	3	Small	Young	Good	2	\$155.78
27	Arborvitae-Eastern	Thuja	occidentalis	5,5,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,298.19
28	Mulberry	Morus	sp.	41	Medium	Mature	Fair	1	\$10,050.46
29	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$360.61

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
30	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
31	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$923.16
32	Maple	Acer	sp.	4	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$323.11
33	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	2	Small	Young	Fair	2	\$45.33
34	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
35	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	4	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$230.79
36	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
37	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$706.79
38	Cedar-Deodar	Cedrus	deodara	10	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,442.44
39	Honeylocust- Thornless Common	Gleditsia	triacanthos var.	23	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	ASAP	\$10,682.69
40	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	15	Medium	Mature	Fair	1	\$1,092.87
41	Spruce-White	Picea	glauca	12	Medium	Mature	Fair	1	\$699.43
42	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	19	Medium	Over-mature	Fair	2	\$5,430.37
43	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	12,8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,600.32
44	Maple-Crimson King	Acer	platanoides var. 'Crimson King'	23	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$6,540.42

45	Magnolia-Saucer	Magnolia	x soulangiana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,745.35
46	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	5,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,081.83
47	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	5,4,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,428.01
48	Elm-Siberian	Ulmus	pumila	6,5,5	Medium	Young	Good		\$868.35
49	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	15	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,413.86
50	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,850.07
51	Birch-Paper	Betula	papyrifera	7,10	Medium	Mature	Fair	1	\$921.10
52	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	5	Small	Mature	Good	2	\$324.55
53	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	5	Small	Mature	Good		\$576.98
54	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	7,8	Small	Mature	Good	2	\$2,053.74
55	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	4	Small	Young	Fair	2	\$230.79
56	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$726.99
57	Coffeetree-Kentucky	Gymnocladus	dioicus	20	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$8,423.83
58	Spruce-White	Picea	glauca	4	Small	Mature	Good		\$253.87

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
59	Fir-White	Abies	concolor	24	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$7,477.60
60	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	3,3,3	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$467.35
61	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	3,3,2	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$380.80
62	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	2	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$75.01
63	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	2	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$80.78
64	Privet	Ligustrum	sp.	5,5,4	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$952.01
65	Hackberry	Celtis	occidentalis	3	Medium	Young	Good		\$163.57
66	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	6	Small	Mature	Good		\$654.29
67	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	3	Small	Semi-mature	Good		\$163.57
68	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	4,4	Small	Mature	Good		\$581.59
69	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	3,3,3	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$584.19

70	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	4,3,3	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$735.64
71	Lilac-Japanese Tree	Syringa	reticulata	5,4,3	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,081.83
72	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,015.48
73	Magnolia-Southern	Magnolia	grandiflora	18	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$6,542.90
74	Coffeetree-Kentucky	Gymnocladus	dioicus	29,23	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$28,851.63
75	Coffeetree-Kentucky	Gymnocladus	dioicus	31	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$19,835.31
76	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	58	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$46,445.46
77	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	24	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$8,308.44
78	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	29	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$12,130.90
79	Redcedar-Western (25)	Thuja	plicata	5,5,5	Medium	Mature	Fair	:	\$927.28
80	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	4	Medium	Young	Good		\$253.87
81	Redcedar-Western (8)	Thuja	plicata	2,2,2	Small	Semi-mature	Fair		\$148.37
82	Elm-American	Ulmus	americana	8	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$978.55
83	Elm-Siberian	Ulmus	pumila	8	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$646.21
84	Elm-Siberian	Ulmus	pumila	8	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$646.21
85	Yew	Taxus	sp.	4,4,4	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$969.32
86	Yew	Taxus	sp.	4,4,4	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$969.32
87	Yew	Taxus	sp.	6,6,5	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,958.83
88	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$989.51
89	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$989.51

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
90	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,019.41
91	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,617.16
92	GoldenraintreePanicled	Koelreuteria	paniculata	8,8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,326.36

93	GoldenraintreePanicled	Koelreuteria	paniculata	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,163.18
94	Coffeetree-Kentucky	Gymnocladus	dioicus	41	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$31,955.98
95	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	10	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,133.34
96	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
97	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	26	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$9,750.88
98	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	26	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$9,750.88
99	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$80.78
100	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$80.78
101	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$360.61
102	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,015.48
103	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$890.56
104	Boxelder	Acer	negundo	24,19	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$10,812.51
105	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	20	Large	Mature	Good		\$6,346.73
106	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,199.14
107	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,827.18
108	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	5	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$540.91
109	Maple	Acer	sp.	4	Small	Young	Good	2	\$323.11
110	Lilac-Pekin	Syringa	pekinensis	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$323.11
111	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
112	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	3	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$181.75
113	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	16	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$3,692.64
114	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,617.16
115	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	17	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$4,168.64
116	Hornbeam-European	Carpinus	betulus	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$369.26
117	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	5	Small	Semi-mature	Good		\$454.37
118	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
119	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$181.75

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
120	Dogwood	Cornus	sp.	5	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$504.85
121	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
122	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
123	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$706.79
124	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	40	Large	Mature	Fair	1	\$16,588.69
125	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$923.16
126	GoldenraintreePanicled	Koelreuteria	paniculata	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$290.80
127	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,284.82
128	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,168.37
129	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,284.82
130	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,442.44
131	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$923.16
132	Maple	Acer	sp.	14	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	ASAP	\$3,958.05
133	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	15	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,570.03
134	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	17	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$4,585.51
135	Hornbeam-European	Carpinus	betulus	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$92.32
136	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	25	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$9,015.23
137	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,745.35
138	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,442.44
139	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,292.42
140	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$80.78
141	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$69.24
142	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	2	Small	Young	Good		\$69.24
143	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	8,7	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,053.74
144	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	4	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$323.11

145	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,077.11
146	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,292.42
147	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	24,21,1	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$17,408.78
148	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$230.79
149	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	20	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$5,769.75

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
150	Lilac-Pekin	Syringa	pekinensis	4	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$323.11
151	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,442.44
152	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$57.70
153	Honeylocust- Thornless Common	Gleditsia	triacanthos var.	2	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$80.78
154	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	17	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$4,168.64
155	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	3	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$129.82
156	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	2	Small	Young	Good	2	\$80.78
157	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
158	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	29	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$15,770.17
159	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	5	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$504.85
160	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	17	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,585.51
161	Lilac-Pekin	Syringa	pekinensis	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$323.11
162	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,285.21
163	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Small	Semi-mature	Fair		\$408.00
164	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	4	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$323.11
165	Yew	Taxus	sp.	4,3,1	Small	Mature	Good	2	\$525.05
166	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	18	Medium	Mature	Good		\$5,888.61
167	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$230.79

168	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	7	Medium	Mature	Good		\$848.15
169	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	4	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$253.87
170	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	3	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$129.82
171	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,168.37
172	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,168.37
173	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	3	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$181.75
174	Crapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia	sp.	2,2,2	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$242.33
175	Snowbell	Styrax	sp.	4	Small	Young	Good	2	\$369.26
176	Snowbell	Styrax	sp.	5	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$576.98
177	Yellowwood	Cladrastis	kentukea	3	Small	Young	Good	2	\$155.78
178	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$1,015.48
179	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,292.42
180	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,015.48

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
181	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,745.35
182	Rose-of-Sharon	Hibiscus	syriacus	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$323.11
183	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	5	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$504.85
184	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,077.11
185	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$519.28
186	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	18	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,140.85
187	Falsecypress-Hinoki	Chamaecyparis	obtusa	2	Small	Mature	Good		\$80.78
188	Falsecypress-Hinoki	Chamaecyparis	obtusa	3	Small	Mature	Good		\$181.75
189	Falsecypress-Hinoki	Chamaecyparis	obtusa	3	Small	Mature	Good		\$181.75
190	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$923.16
191	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$923.16
192	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,745.35

193	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	19	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,727.92
194	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	24	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$12,462.66
195	Maple	Acer	sp.	30	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$18,174.71
196	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	3,3,3	Small	Mature	Fair		\$333.82
197	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	20	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$6,346.73
198	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	45	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$34,809.14
199	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	18	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$4,673.50
200	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	20	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$5,769.75
201	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
202	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,443.49
203	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
204	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	2	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$86.55
205	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,827.18
206	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	5	Small	Mature	Good	2	\$504.85
207	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	9	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$1,635.72
208	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,745.35
209	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,443.49
210	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	15	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$4,089.31
211	Mulberry	Morus	sp.	40	Medium	Mature	Fair	ASAP	\$5,816.81
212	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,827.18

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
213	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	8	Small	Mature	Good		\$1,163.18
214	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,442.44
215	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$923.16
216	Maple	Acer	sp.	20	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$8,077.65
217	Maple	Acer	sp.	21	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$8,905.61

218	Hawthorn	Crataegus	sp.	2	Small	Young	Good		\$66.93
219	Mulberry	Morus	sp.	2,2,2	Small	Young	Good		\$155.78
220	Magnolia-Southern	Magnolia	grandiflora	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,635.72
221	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,919.88
222	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$396.67
223	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$396.67
224	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
225	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,562.24
226	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,292.42
227	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,168.37
228	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	13	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$3,071.53
229	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,437.72
230	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	12	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,617.16
231	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	2	Small	Young	Fair		\$45.33
232	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$396.67
233	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	3	Small	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$142.80
234	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,168.37
235	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$726.99
236	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,442.44
237	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
238	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$989.51
239	Arborvitae	Thuja	sp.	8,7,7	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,804.10
240	Crapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia	sp.	4,4,4	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$969.32
241	Arborvitae	Thuja	sp.	19,18	Large	Mature	Fair	1	\$8,469.17
242	Arborvitae	Thuja	sp.	20,19	Large	Mature	Good	2	\$13,172.34
243	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,562.24
244	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,817.47

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
245	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Medium	Young	Good		\$253.87
246	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	18	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,140.85
247	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$777.47
248	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	4	Medium	Young	Good	••••	\$253.87
249	Cherry-Black	Prunus	serotina	8	Medium	Young	Good		\$1,015.48
250	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	18	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$5,140.85
251	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	6	Medium	Mature	Good		\$623.13
252	Mulberry	Morus	sp.	11,12,8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$4,271.06
253	Oak-Pin	Quercus	palustris	30	Large	Mature	Poor	1	\$7,232.79
254	Magnolia-Saucer	Magnolia	x soulangiana	6,5,4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,554.95
255	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	20	Large	Mature	Good		\$6,346.73
256	Maple	Acer	sp.	16	Large	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$3,692.64
257	Maple	Acer	sp.	38	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$27,336.93
258	Maple	Acer	sp.	25	Large	Mature	Good		\$12,621.33
259	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	3	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$181.75
260	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,168.37
261	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$571.21
262	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	4	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$323.11
263	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	4	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$323.11
264	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	10	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,019.41
265	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,907.95
266	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,635.72
267	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,019.41
268	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,472.15
269	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$890.56
270	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,443.49

271	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	8,8,8	Medium	Mature	Good		\$4,431.17
272	Arborvitae	Thuja	sp.	8,7,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,388.68
273	Arborvitae	Thuja	sp.	10,7,6	Medium	Mature	Good		\$3,202.21
274	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,827.18
275	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,827.18
276	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$923.16

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
277	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,442.44
278	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,292.42
279	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$989.51
280	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
281	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,292.42
282	Honeylocust-Common	Gleditsia	triacanthos	35	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$18,759.73
283	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	20	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$8,654.62
284	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	19	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$7,081.79
285	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	29	Large	Mature	Good		\$13,343.99
286	Hemlock-Canadian	Tsuga	canadensis	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,492.53
287	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,284.82
288	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,919.88
289	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	13	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,681.49
290	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	33	Large	Mature	Good	•••	\$19,948.09
291	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	24	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$10,800.97
292	Planetree-London	Platanus	x acerifolia	21	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$8,269.49
293	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good	1	\$20.19
294	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	8	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$1,292.42
295	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good	1	\$20.19

296	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	15	Medium	Mature	Good		\$4,089.31
297	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	15	Medium	Mature	Good		\$4,089.31
298	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
299	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	35	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$18,759.73
300	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	24	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$12,462.66
301	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Poor	1	\$321.09
302	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	11,9,9	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,490.31
303	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	27	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$9,463.83
304	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	15	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,570.03
305	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	14,13	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$4,738.41
306	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	13,12,1 4	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair	ASAP	\$4,719.86
307	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$5,995.39

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
308	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	6	Medium	Mature	Good		\$623.13
309	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	12	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,284.82
310	Cedar-Atlas	Cedrus	atlantica	10	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,730.92
311	Cedar-Atlas	Cedrus	atlantica	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,402.05
312	Cedar-Atlas	Cedrus	atlantica	11,7	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,942.57
313	Holly-Foster's	Ilex	x attenuata	5,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,009.71
314	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	8	Small	Mature	Good		\$1,624.76
315	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	30	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$19,472.91
316	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	25	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$13,522.85
317	Oak-Northern Red	Quercus	rubra	40	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$31,669.31
318	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	32	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$15,918.56
319	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	21	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$6,361.15

320	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	26	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$9,750.88
321	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	24	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$8,308.44
322	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	28	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$11,308.71
323	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	8,7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,792.95
324	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	10	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,586.68
325	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,437.72
326	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$323.11
327	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$181.75
328	Linden-Littleleaf	Tilia	cordata	23,19	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$18,743.03
329	Magnolia-Saucer	Magnolia	x soulangiana	6,5,4	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,554.95
330	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
331	Redcedar-Western (9)	Thuja	plicata	4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$276.95
332	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$777.47
333	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,077.11
334	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$726.99
335	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,907.95
336	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,437.72
337	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,437.72
338	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	9,7,8	Medium	Mature	Fair		\$2,198.69
339	Rose-of-Sharon	Hibiscus	syriacus	7	Medium	Mature	Good		\$989.51

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
340	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$406.19
341	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,442.44
342	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	2	Small	Mature	Good	1	\$101.55
343	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,437.72
344	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	16	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$3,692.64

345	Sweetgum	Liquidambar	styraciflua	30	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$16,876.52
346	Sweetgum	Liquidambar	styraciflua	25	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$11,719.80
347	Sweetgum	Liquidambar	styraciflua	29	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$15,770.17
348	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	36	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$19,679.70
349	Sweetgum	Liquidambar	styraciflua	30	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$16,876.52
350	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	19	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,727.92
351	Spruce-White	Picea	glauca	11	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,919.88
352	Crapemyrtle	Lagerstroemia	sp.	3,3,2	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$444.27
353	Hackberry	Celtis	occidentalis	20	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$7,269.88
354	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,437.72
355	Cypress-Leyland (3)	x Cupressocyparis	leylandii	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,402.05
356	Redcedar-Western (8)	Thuja	plicata	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$155.78
357	Cypress-Leyland	x Cupressocyparis	leylandii	11,6	Medium	Mature	Fair	2	\$1,941.11
358	Cypress-Leyland	x Cupressocyparis	leylandii	17	Medium	Mature	Good		\$5,002.37
359	Fir-Balsam	Abies	balsamea	3	Small	Young	Good		\$107.56
360	Fir-Balsam	Abies	balsamea	4	Small	Young	Good		\$267.72
361	Privet	Ligustrum	sp.	5,4,4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,151.07
362	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	15	Medium	Mature	Fair		\$3,384.58
363	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$276.95
364	Firethorn	Pyracantha	sp.	3,3,3	Small	Mature	Good		\$545.24
365	Redcedar-Western (8)	Thuja	plicata	4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$276.95
366	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	4,3,3	Medium	Mature	Good		\$784.69
367	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	6,5,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,488.60
368	Maple	Acer	sp.	22	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$9,773.96

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
369	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	15	Medium	Mature	Good		\$3,570.03
370	Japanese Cryptomeria	Cryptomeria	japonica	14	Medium	Mature	Good		\$3,958.05
371	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	15	Medium	Mature	Good		\$3,570.03
372	Plum-Purple Leaf	Prunus	cerasifera	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,285.21
373	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	7,6,8	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,579.08
374	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	12	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,492.53
375	Holly-American	Ilex	ораса	10,6	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,864.10
376	Holly-American	Ilex	opaca	6,6,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,042.78
377	Holly-American	Ilex	ораса	27	Medium	Mature	Good		\$15,352.44
378	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	25	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$9,916.76
379	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	24	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$9,139.28
380	Privet	Ligustrum	sp.	2,2,2	Small	Mature	Good		\$242.33
381	Privet	Ligustrum	sp.	2,2,2	Small	Mature	Good		\$242.33
382	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	8	Small	Mature	Good		\$1,477.06
383	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	3,2,2	Medium	Mature	Fair		\$245.21
384	Walnut-Persian	Juglans	regia	26	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$13,261.19
385	Redcedar-Eastern	Juniperus	virginiana	4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$346.19
386	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	22	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$11,170.24
387	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	9	Medium	Young	Good		\$1,285.21
388	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	11	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,094.42
389	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	8	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$1,292.42
390	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	39	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$23,577.91
391	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	35	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$19,782.98
392	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	34	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$18,798.55
393	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	36	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$20,753.14
394	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	33	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$17,799.84

395	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	35	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$19,782.98
396	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	31	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$15,759.57
397	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	34	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$18,798.55
398	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	39	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$23,577.91
399	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	31	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$15,759.57
400	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	32	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$16,786.84

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
401	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$571.21
402	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$777.47
403	Linden-American	Tilia	americana	41	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$31,955.98
404	Linden-American	Tilia	americana	21	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$9,287.28
405	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,443.49
406	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	9	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$1,635.72
407	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	29	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$13,343.99
408	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	42	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$31,710.18
409	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	5	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$360.61
410	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	46	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$35,807.66
411	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	18	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair		\$3,672.03
412	Hackberry	Celtis	occidentalis	18,18,1 7	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$17,029.71
413	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	6,6,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,462.53
414	Hackberry	Celtis	occidentalis	7	Medium	Young	Good		\$890.56
415	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	30	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$17,655.44
416	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	29	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$16,498.02
417	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	31	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$18,476.73
418	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	33	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$20,868.77

419	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	23	Large	Semi-mature	Good	ASAP	\$10,377.47
420	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	19	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	ASAP	\$5,727.92
421	Walnut-Persian	Juglans	regia	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,373.68
422	Magnolia-Saucer	Magnolia	x soulangiana	19	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$7,290.08
423	GoldenraintreePanicled	Koelreuteria	paniculata	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,472.15
424	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	11	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,919.88
425	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,284.82
426	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	14	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$3,109.90
427	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	13	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,559.07
428	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	28	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$15,379.85
429	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	31	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$18,476.73
430	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	30	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$17,655.44

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
431	Maple-Norway (8)	Acer	platanoides	6	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$571.21
432	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	18	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$5,140.85
433	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	12	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,284.82
434	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$777.47
435	Oak-White	Quercus	alba	3	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$228.48
436	Holly-American	Ilex	ораса	5,5	Small	Mature	Good		\$1,052.98
437	Holly-American	Ilex	ораса	8,7,4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,716.69
438	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	20	Medium	Mature	Fair		\$4,533.38
439	GoldenraintreePanicled	Koelreuteria	paniculata	11,9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,671.29
440	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	30	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$14,280.13
441	Mulberry	Morus	sp.	31	Large	Mature	Good		\$12,227.25

442	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	4,3,3	Medium	Mature	Good		\$784.69
443	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	5,3,3	Medium	Mature	Good		\$992.40
444	Magnolia-Saucer	Magnolia	x soulangiana	13	Medium	Mature	Good		\$3,412.81
445	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	2	Small	Young	Good		\$84.24
446	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	20	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$5,769.75
447	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	25	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$9,015.23
448	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	30	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$12,981.94
449	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,077.11
450	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	33	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$16,879.16
451	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	24	Large	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$11,299.48
452	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	35	Large	Mature	Good		\$18,759.73
453	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	44	Large	Mature	Good		\$21,724.32
454	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	6	Medium	Young	Good		\$571.21
455	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,869.40
456	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	7	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$636.11
457	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	4	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$323.11
458	Willow-Babylon Weeping	Salix	babylonica	12	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,077.11
459	Spruce	Picea	sp.	12	Large	Mature	Fair	1	\$1,632.02
460	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,199.14

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
461	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	23	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$8,393.54
462	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$923.16
463	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$706.79
464	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	9	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$1,285.21
465	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$253.87

466	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	19	Large	Mature	Good		\$5,519.63
467	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	13	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,681.49
468	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	54	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$27,755.55
469	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$571.21
470	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$571.21
471	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$360.61
472	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$360.61
473	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	9	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$1,285.21
474	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$253.87
475	Maple-Japanese	Acer	palmatum	9,11,8	Medium	Mature	Good		\$6,139.01
476	Redcedar-Western (13)	Thuja	plicata	4	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$197.82
477	Cypress-Leyland	x Cupressocyparis	leylandii	8	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$791.28
478	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	2,2,2	Medium	Mature	Good		\$242.33
479	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	41	Medium	Mature	Fair	2	\$21,887.66
480	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	20	Large	Semi-mature	Good		\$6,692.91
481	Spruce-Colorado Blue (4)	Picea	pungens	13	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,681.49
482	Walnut-Black	Juglans	nigra	25	Large	Mature	Good		\$12,260.72
483	Spruce-Norway	Picea	abies	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$571.21
484	Falsecypress-Hinoki	Chamaecyparis	obtusa	5	Small	Mature	Good		\$504.85
485	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$155.78
486	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$155.78
487	Redcedar-Western	Thuja	plicata	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$155.78
488	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,056.34
489	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	15	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$4,543.68

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
490	Maple-Sugar	Acer	saccharum	45	Large	Mature	Good	ASAP	\$37,295.51
491	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	2,2,2	Small	Semi-mature	Good		\$304.64
492	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$726.99
493	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$726.99
494	Arborvitae	Thuja	sp.	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$432.73
495	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	3	Small	Young	Good		\$163.57
496	Juniper	Juniperus	sp.	23	Large	Mature	Good		\$10,682.69
497	Maple-Silver	Acer	saccharinum	49	Large	Mature	Good		\$24,878.44
498	Ash-White	Fraxinus	americana	15	Large	Mature	Poor	ASAP	\$1,474.38
499	Locust-Black	Robinia	pseudoacacia	14,9	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair	ASAP	\$1,345.44
500	Spruce-Colorado Blue	Picea	pungens	12	Medium	Mature	Fair		\$1,632.02
501	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	17	Medium	Mature	Good		\$4,168.64
502	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	22	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$6,981.40
503	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Fair	1	\$2,019.41
504	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$519.28
505	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	4	Medium	Mature	Good		\$276.95
506	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	3	Medium	Mature	Fair		\$111.27
507	Redbud-Eastern	Cercis	canadensis	9,8,7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$4,085.56
508	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	9	Medium	Mature	Fair	2	\$1,001.46
509	Cypress-Leyland (5)	x Cupressocyparis	leylandii	7	Medium	Mature	Good		\$848.15
510	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	4	Small	Semi-mature	Good		\$276.95
511	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,199.14
512	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	16	Medium	Mature	Good	•••	\$4,652.73
513	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	1	Small	Young	Good		\$21.64
514	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	1	Small	Young	Good	•••	\$21.64

515	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$360.61
516	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$2,284.82
517	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	7	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$989.51
518	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,285.21
519	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	7	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$989.51
520	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	9	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$1,285.21

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
521	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$726.99
522	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	14	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$3,109.90
523	Pine-Eastern White	Pinus	strobus	3	Small	Young	Good		\$142.80
524	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$504.85
525	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	6	Medium	Mature	Good		\$726.99
526	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	6	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$571.21
527	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	15	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,570.03
528	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	10	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,019.41
529	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	16	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,692.64
530	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,199.14
531	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,827.18
532	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,199.14
533	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	15	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,245.48
534	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	9	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,472.15
535	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,437.72
536	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,199.14
537	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,827.18
538	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,199.14
539	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,817.47

540	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	15	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,245.48
541	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,817.47
542	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,437.72
543	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,163.18
544	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Fair	2	\$834.55
545	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$2,199.14
546	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	15	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$3,245.48
547	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,817.47
548	Magnolia-Saucer	Magnolia	x soulangiana	14,11,1 1	Medium	Mature	Good		\$8,845.03
549	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	20	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair		\$4,533.38
550	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	3	Small	Young	Good	1	\$181.75
551	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$360.61

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
552	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	3	Medium	Young	Fair	1	\$129.82
553	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$396.67
554	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$519.28
555	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$726.99
556	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$519.28
557	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$181.75
558	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$519.28
559	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	3	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$181.75
560	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$706.79
561	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$706.79
562	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$706.79
563	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	5	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$504.85

564	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$923.16
565	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$726.99
566	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$923.16
567	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	18	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$5,140.85
568	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	32	Large	Mature	Good		\$16,786.84
569	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	36	Large	Mature	Good		\$20,753.14
570	Pine-Japanese Black	Pinus	thunbergii	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair		\$2,225.48
571	Pine-Japanese Black	Pinus	thunbergii	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Fair		\$2,225.48
572	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,437.72
573	Pear-Callery (4)	Pyrus	calleryana	13	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,437.72
574	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	9	Medium	Mature	Good	•••	\$1,168.37
575	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	2	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$86.55
576	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	25	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$13,522.85
577	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	3	Medium	Young	Good	2	\$181.75
578	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	3	Medium	Young	Good	•••	\$181.75
579	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Small	Young	Good	2	\$396.67
580	Birch	Betula	sp.	2	Medium	Young	Good	•••	\$80.78
581	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$360.61
582	Birch	Betula	sp.	2	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$80.78
583	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,015.48

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
584	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	4	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$230.79
585	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$396.67
586	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	6	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$519.28
587	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	12	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$2,284.82
588	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	1	Small	Young	Good	2	\$20.19

589	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	7	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$706.79
590	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	1	Small	Young	Good	2	\$20.19
591	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$1,015.48
592	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	1	Small	Young	Good	2	\$20.19
593	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	8	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$923.16
594	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	5	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	2	\$396.67
595	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,745.35
596	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	10	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,442.44
597	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	11	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$1,745.35
598	Pear-Callery	Pyrus	calleryana	14	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$2,827.18
599	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good	1	\$20.19
600	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$20.19
601	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$20.19
602	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	17	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$5,252.49
603	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	14	Medium	Mature	Good	1	\$3,562.24
604	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	1	Medium	Young	Good		\$20.19
605	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$20.19
606	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	7	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$890.56
607	Serviceberry	Amelanchier	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$23.08
608	Serviceberry	Amelanchier	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$23.08
609	Serviceberry	Amelanchier	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$23.08
610	Serviceberry	Amelanchier	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$23.08
611	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	24	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$9,139.28
612	Cherry-Flowering	Prunus	serrulata	19	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$5,727.92
613	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	11	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,199.14
614	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	9	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,635.72
615	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	13	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,412.81

Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work Phase	Tree Asset Value
616	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	3,2,2	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$308.97
617	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,019.41
618	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	8	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,163.18
619	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	10	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,538.69
620	Dogwood-Kousa	Cornus	kousa	5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$634.67
621	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	6,5,5	Medium	Mature	Good		\$1,488.60
622	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	1	Medium	Young	Good		\$21.64
623	Maple-Trident	Acer	buergeranum	13	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$3,412.81
624	Maple-Trident	Acer	buergeranum	17	Large	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$5,836.10
625	Dogwood-Flowering	Cornus	florida	1	Small	Young	Good		\$17.31
626	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	1	Small	Young	Good		\$21.64
627	Boxwood-Common	Buxus	sempervirens	10	Medium	Mature	Good		\$2,019.41
628	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	18	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$7,010.25
629	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	23	Large	Semi-mature	Fair	1	\$7,630.49
630	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	13	Medium	Semi-mature	Good		\$3,656.58
631	Maple-Norway	Acer	platanoides	13	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$2,681.49
632	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	9	Medium	Young	Good		\$1,635.72
633	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	33	Large	Mature	Good		\$17,799.84
634	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	34	Large	Mature	Good	1	\$18,798.55
635	Elm	Ulmus	sp.	2	Medium	Young	Fair	1	\$57.70
636	Tuliptree	Liriodendron	tulipifera	1	Small	Young	Good		\$20.19
637	Crabapple	Malus	sp.	10	Medium	Mature	Good	2	\$1,817.47
638	Lilac	Syringa	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$20.19
639	Zelkova-Japanese	Zelkova	serrata	1	Medium	Young	Good		\$21.64
640	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	1	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$16.73
641	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	1	Medium	Young	Good		\$16.73

642	Sycamore-American	Platanus	occidentalis	1	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$16.73
643	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	5	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$504.85
644	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$726.99
645	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	6	Medium	Young	Good	1	\$726.99
646	Maple-Red	Acer	rubrum	3	Medium	Semi-mature	Good	1	\$181.75
647	Ginkgo	Ginkgo	biloba	1	Small	Young	Good		\$20.19
Tree ID	Common Name	Genus	Species	DBH	Height Class	Age Class	Condition Class	Tree & Shrub Work	Tree Asset Value
								Phase	
648	Serviceberry	Amelanchier	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good	Phase 	\$23.08
648 649	Serviceberry Snowbell	Amelanchier Styrax	sp.	1 1	Small Small	Young Young	Good Good		\$23.08 \$23.08
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649	Snowbell	Styrax	sp.	1	Small	Young	Good		\$23.08
649 650	Snowbell Dogwood-Kousa	Styrax Cornus	sp. kousa	1 4	Small Small	Young Semi-mature	Good Good		\$23.08 \$406.19
649 650 651	Snowbell Dogwood-Kousa Maple-Norway	Styrax Cornus Acer	sp. kousa platanoides	1 4 23	Small Small Medium	Young Semi-mature Semi-mature	Good Good		\$23.08 \$406.19 \$8,393.54
649 650 651 652	Snowbell Dogwood-Kousa Maple-Norway Maple-Norway	Styrax Cornus Acer Acer	sp. kousa platanoides platanoides	1 4 23 32	Small Small Medium Medium	Young Semi-mature Semi-mature Mature	Good Good Good		\$23.08 \$406.19 \$8,393.54 \$15,918.56

APPENDIX



ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Bartlett publishes a variety of tree-resource documents, including technical reports, plant health care recommendations, and service brochures. The following technical reports may be pertinent to your inventory. To access these documents and view the complete Bartlett Resource Library online, please follow this URL:

https://www.bartlett.com/resourcelist.cfm

Girdling Roots

Maintenance Pruning Program

Monitor IPM Program

Mulch Application Guidelines

Tree Risk Assessments

Tree Structure Evaluation

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

air pollution removal: removal of pollutants from the air by plants through natural processes

arborist: 1. An individual engaged in the profession of arboriculture who, through experience, education and related training, possesses the competence to provide for, or supervise the management of, trees and other woody ornamentals. [ANSI A300 (Part 1, 2, 4, 5, 6)] 2. An individual engaged in the profession of arboriculture. [ANSI Z133.1-2000 Safety Requirements for Arboricultural Operations]

bracing: The installation of lag-thread screw or threaded-steel rods in limbs, leaders, or trunks to provide supplemental support. [ANSI A300 (Part 3)-2000 Support Systems]

branch: An outgrowing shoot, stem or twig that grows from the main stem or trunk. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock]

buttress roots: Lateral surface roots that aid in stabilizing the tree.

cable: 1) Zinc coated strand per ASTM A-475 for dead-end grip applications. 2) Wire rope or strand for general applications. 3) Synthetic-fiber rope or synthetic-fiber webbing for general applications. [ANSI A300 (Part 3)-2000 Support Systems]

cabling: The installation of a steel wire rope, steel strand, or synthetic-fiber system within a tree between limbs or leaders to limit movement and provide supplemental support. [ANSI A300 (Part 3)-2000 Support Systems]

canopy: collective branches and foliage of a tree or group of trees' crowns

carbon sequestration: removal of carbon from the air by plants through natural processes

carbon storage: storage of carbon removed from the air in plant tissues

cation exchange capacity (CEC): The ability of soil to absorb nutrients.

cavity: An open wound characterized by the presence of decay and resulting in a hollow.

cleaning: Selective pruning to remove one or more of the following parts: dead, diseased, and/ or broken branches (5.6.1). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

co-dominant branches: Equal in size and importance, usually associated with either the trunks, stems, or scaffold limbs.

conk: fruiting body or non-fruiting body of a fungus. Often associated with decay.

critical root zone (CRZ): area of soil around a tree trunk where roots are located that provide stability and uptake of water and minerals required for tree survival.

crown: 1. The leaves and branches of a tree measured from the lowest branch on the trunk to the top of the tree. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning] [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting] 2. The portion of a tree comprising the branches. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock]

D.B.H. [diameter at breast height]: Measurement of trunk diameter taken at 4.5 feet (1.4 m) off the ground. [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting]

decay: The degradation of woody tissue caused by microorganisms. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)2001 Pruning]

Geographic Information System (GIS): is any system for capturing, storing, analyzing and managing data and associated attributes which are spatially referenced to earth.

girdling root: A root that may impede proper development of other roots, trunk flare, and/or trunk. [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting]

Global Positioning System (GPS): A constellation of at least 24 Medium Earth Orbit satellites that transmit precise microwave signals, the system enables a GPS receiver to determine its location, speed, direction, and time.

Global Positioning System receiver (GPSr): A receiver that receives its input from GPS satellites to determine location, speed, direction, and time.

heading: cutting a shoot back to a bud or cutting branches back to buds, stubs, or lateral branches not large enough to assume apical dominance. Cutting an older branch or stem back to meet a structural objective

integrated pest management (IPM): A pest control strategy that uses an array of complementary methods: mechanical devices, physical devices, genetic, biological, legal, cultural management, and chemical management. These methods are done in three stages of prevention, Observation, and finally Intervention. It is an ecological approach that has its main goal is to significantly reduce or eliminate the use of pesticides.

lateral branch: A shoot or stem growing from a parent branch or stem. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

leader: A dominant or co-dominant, upright stem. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

lean: Departure from vertical of the stem, beginning at or near the base of the trunk.

limb: A large, prominent branch. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

lion's tailing: The removal of an excessive number of inner, lateral branches from parent branches. Lion's tailing is not an acceptable pruning practice (5.5.7). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

macronutrient: Nutrient required in relatively large amounts by plants, such as nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P), potassium (K), and sulfur (S). [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

micronutrient: Nutrient required in relatively small amounts by plants, such as iron (Fe), manganese (Mn), zinc (Zn), copper (Cu), and boron (B). [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

noise attenuation: reducing sound levels via materials, structures, plants, etc.

nutrient: Element or compound required for growth, reproduction or development of a plant. [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

organic matter: material derived from the growth (and death) of living organisms. The organic components of soil.

parent branch or stem: A tree trunk, limb, or prominent branch from which shoots or stems grow. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

pH: unit of measurement that describes the alkalinity or acidity of a solution. Measured on a scale of 0 to 14. Greater than 7 Is alkaline, less than 7 is acid, and 7 is neutral (pure water).

pruning: The selective removal of plant parts to meet specific goals and objectives. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

qualified arborist: An individual who, by possession of a recognized degree, certification, or professional standing, or through related training and on-the-job experience, is familiar with the equipment and hazards involved in arboricultural operations and who has demonstrated ability in the performance of the special techniques involved. [ANSI Z133.12000 Safety Requirements for Arboricultural Operations]

raising: Selective pruning to provide vertical clearance (5.6.3). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

reduction: Selective pruning to decrease height and/or spread (5.6.4). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

risk assessment: process of evaluating what unexpected things could happen, how likely it is, and what the likely outcomes are. In tree management, the systematic process to determine the level of risk posed by a tree, tree part, or group of trees.

root collar: 1. The transition zone between the trunk and the root system. [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting] 2. See COLLAR. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock]

root flare or trunk flare: The area at the base of the plant's stem or trunk where the stem or trunk broadens to form roots; the area of transition between the root system and the stem or trunk. [ANSI Z60.1-2004 Nursery Stock] [ANSI A300 (Part 6)-2005 Transplanting]

root zone: The volume of soil containing the roots of a plant. [ANSI A300 (Part 5)-2005 Management]

secondary nutrient: Nutrient required in moderate amounts by plants, such as calcium (Ca) and magnesium (Mg). [ANSI A300 (Part 2)-2004 Fertilization]

seam: Vertical line that appears where two edges of wound wood or callus ridge meet.

soil amendment: Any material added to soil to alter its composition and structure, such as sand, fertilizer, or organic matter. [ANSI A300 (Part6)-2005 Transplanting]

soil pH: A measure of the acidity or alkalinity of the soil.

stormwater runoff: water (generally from rain or snow melt) that flows over the ground after storm events.

structural support system: hardware installed in tree, may be; cables, braces, or guys, to provide supplemental support.

sweep: Departure from vertical of the stem, beginning above the base of the trunk.

thinning: Selective pruning to reduce density of live branches (5.6.2). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)2001 Pruning]

tree risk assessment: Closer inspection of visibly damaged, dead, defected, diseased, leaning or dving tree to determine management needs.

topping: The reduction of a tree's size using heading cuts that shorten limbs or branches back to a predetermined crown limit. Topping is not acceptable pruning practice. (5.5.7). [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]

tree inventory: A comprehensive list of individual trees providing descriptive information on all or a portion of the project area. [ANSI A300 (Part 5)-2005 Management during site planning, site development, and construction]

tree protection zone: A space above and belowground within which trees are to be retained and protected. [ANSI A300 (Part 5)-2005 Management during site planning, site development, and construction]

trunk: That portion of a stem or stems of a tree before branching occurs. [ANSA Z60.12004 Nursery Stock]

vigor: Overall health. Capacity to grow and resist stress. [ISA Municipal Specialist Certification Study Guide 2008]

wound: An opening that is created when the bark of a living branch or stem is penetrated, cut, or removed. [ANSI A300 (Part 1)-2001 Pruning]